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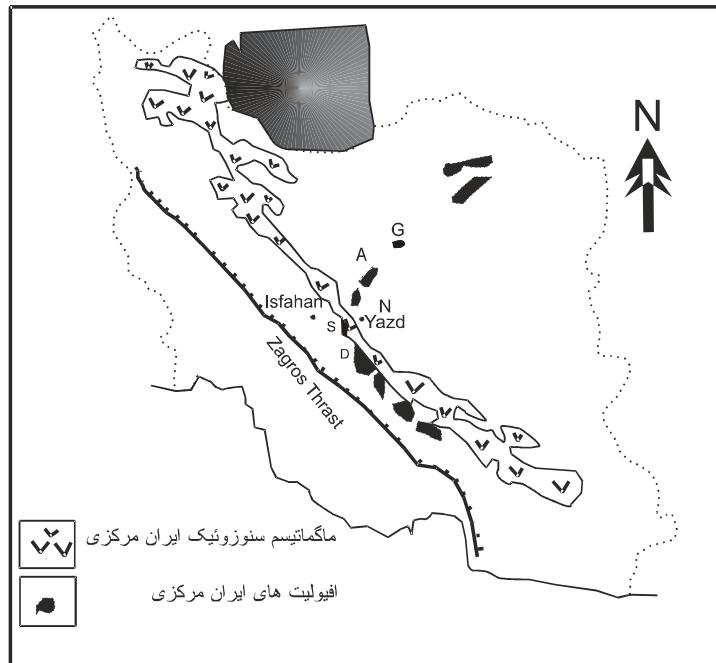
CO<sub>2</sub>

Mg- Fe- Ca

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G:            A:            N:            S:            D:

## Gold Mineralization in Central Iran Listvenites

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### Abstract

Listvenites are formed during the CO<sub>2</sub>-rich fluids ultramafics interactions. Commonly, these carbonatized ultramafic rocks (especially serpentinites) are characterized by quartz and Mg-Fe-Ca carbonates assemblage. Gold mineralization in these rocks had been a new target for exploration during the past decades.

There are two main ophiolitic belts in Central Iran, Dehshir-Surk-Nain belt and Jandagh-Anarak belt. Hydrothermal alterations have produced listvenites and finally birbirites (silicified serpentinites) in ultramafic members of these ophiolites. In Dehshir, listvenites and paralistvenites are outcropped along the

ophiolite belt and are barren. In Surk, listvenitization is followed by bribrirites formation and gold mineralization has a close association with ferrite chromites.

There is pyrite mineralization in highly silicified serpentinites with Au-Hg anomaly in Nain ophiolites. In Jandagh serpentinites, talc-carbonate rocks are formed during carbonatization. Trace amounts of gold anomaly are detected in these rocks. Anarak old ophiolites have widespread listvenitization. Various minerals and ore minerals with multistage paragenesis are characteristic. In addition to geochemical anomaly, gold mineralization is detected as visible gold.

**Key words:** Ophiolite, Serpentinite, Listvenite, Birbirite, Gold

Mg-Fe-Ca

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(Carbonatization)

(Ghost texture)

(Auclair et al, 1993 )

(Sazonov,1975)

(birbirite)

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PH<5 S, K, CO<sub>2</sub>

(Buisson et al,1985)

Sazonov, )

.(1978

(Zod)

(Halls et al, 1995)

(Spirinov,1991)

(Smirnov et al, 1983)

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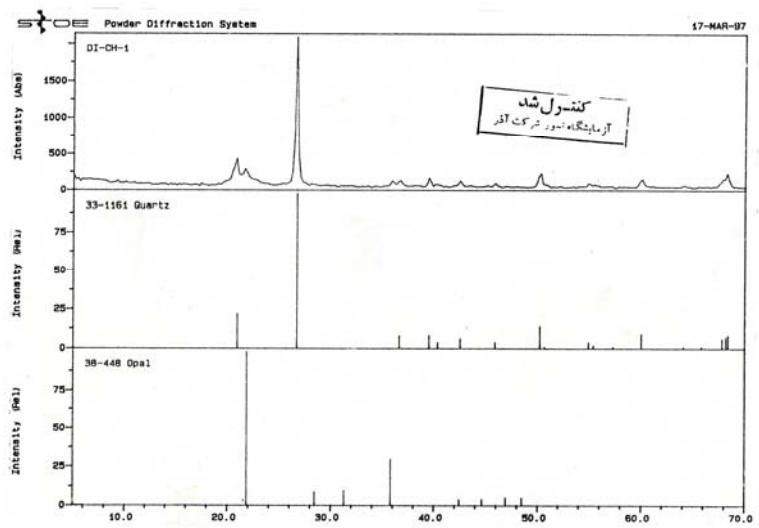
( ) ( )  
( ppm )  
( ) ( )

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« » ( )  
(XRD) X  
(XRF) ( )  
(NAA) ppm ( , ppm) ( , )

As, Hg, Sb, Cu ) ( .( )  
» SEM  
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XRD-SEM  
NAA

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N33W



	Di-Ca	DE	Ar-3	WA-1
Ag ppm	1.1	2.7	1.9	5.0
As ppm	13.96	5.3	16	592.4
Au ppb	5.83	0.9	17	0.08
Cu ppm	135.2	120	300	257
Sb ppm	0.1	1.9	0.55	308

:Di-Ca

:DE

:Ar-3

:WA-1

	S-3
	S-5
	W-E-4
	W-E-1
	DE-1



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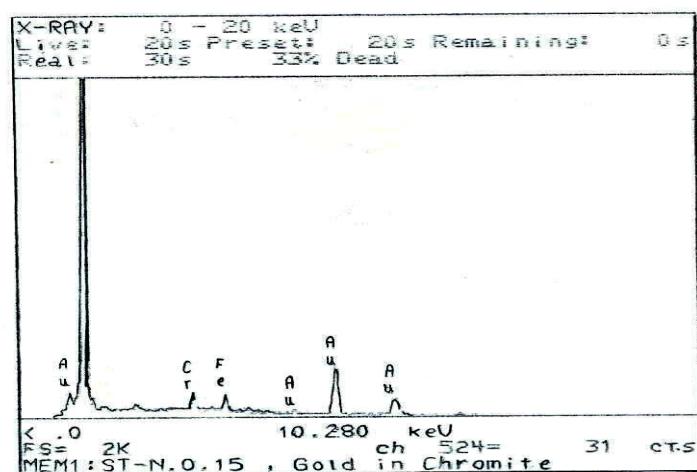
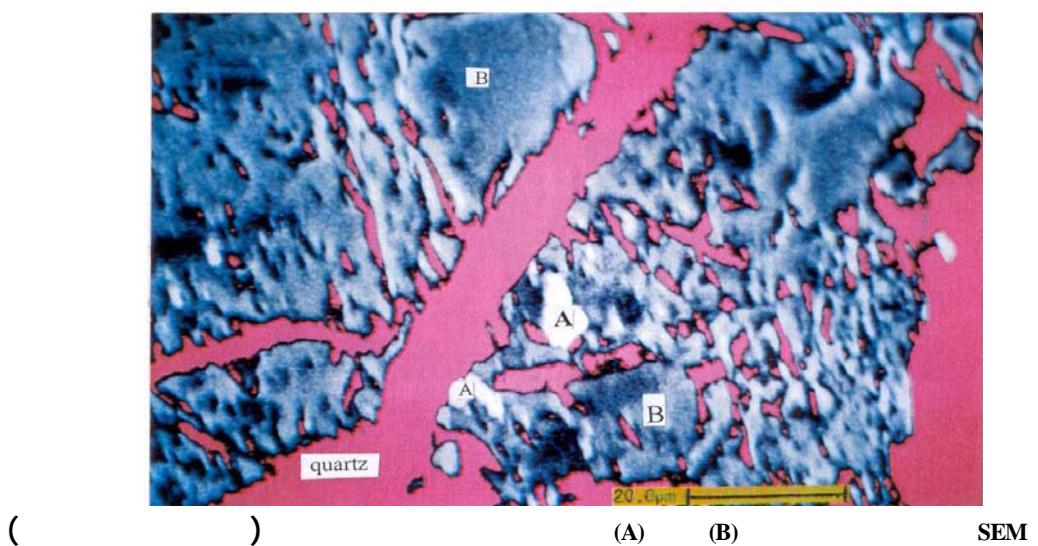


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آنالیز نقطه‌ای دانه طلاکرومیتهاي سورك ، Ca,Fe,Cr ، از زمینه وارد شده است.

	ST	W-E-100	W-E-101
Ag ppm		0.6	4.2
As ppm	602.25	16.6	5.2
Au ppb	10.73	7.3	14.1
Cu ppm	1.18	103	19
Sb ppm		0.532	348

:ST

:W-E-100

:W-E-101

	Na-1	Na-2	Na-3	Na-4	Na-5
Hg ppm	0.1	2.87	26.9	49.66	n.d
Au ppm	1.8	n.d	0.014	0.47	0.03

Na-3 Na-1

Na-5 Na-4 — Na-2

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ppb

NAA

a

b

c

d

( )

« / ppb » « , ppb »

«SEM»

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CO<sub>2</sub>

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«d »

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	Au gr/t		Au gr/t
E <sub>4</sub> -811/7	0.8	E <sub>4</sub> -4871	0.1
E <sub>4</sub> -15 01	0.8	E <sub>4</sub> -4874/7	0.1
E <sub>4</sub> -1501/2	0.2	E <sub>4</sub> -4874/8	0.1
E <sub>4</sub> -1547/1	0.2	E <sub>4</sub> -4874/13	0.2
E <sub>4</sub> -1560/2	0.1	E <sub>4</sub> -4874/14	0.2
E <sub>4</sub> -1580/4	0.1	E <sub>4</sub> -4882	0.2
E <sub>4</sub> -4749/5	0.7	E <sub>4</sub> -4939/3	0.2
E <sub>4</sub> -4749/7	0.2	E <sub>4</sub> -4946	0.2
E <sub>4</sub> -4781/2	0.2	E <sub>4</sub> -4746/3	0.4
E <sub>4</sub> -4846/8	1.0	E <sub>4</sub> -4946/4	0.2
E <sub>4</sub> -4869	0.4		

(1981, 1984)

Technoexport, 1981

SEM

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Au

(Syntectonic)

Cu, Sb, As

Au

Au

(Au, As, Ni)

Hg,

Au

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