

(Hordeum vulgare L.)

(AMMI)

Analysis of yield stability of barley (*Hordeum vulgare L.*) genotypes- using additive main effects and multiplicative interaction (AMMI) model

(Hordeum vulgare L.)

: () (AMMI)

AMMI

×

% /

%

AMMI

(L.131/Cerbel//Alger-Ceres/Kavir)

(L.B1/Cerbel//Alger-Ceres 5/3/Glorea"s")

IPC₂ IPC₁

AMMI

(LB.Iran/Una8271//Gloria"s"/Come"s"-11M/3/Kavir)

AMMI

×

:

/ / :

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(Additive Main effects and Multiplicative
AMMI Interaction=AMMI)

(Pattern Analysis)

AMMI

(Kang and Gaush, 1996)

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(Kang and Gaush, 1996)

AMMI

(Aastveti and Aastveti, 1993)

×

AMMI

(Cossa *et al.*, 1990)

×

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AMMI

(Nachit *et al.*, 1992)

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(Annicchiarico, 1997)

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AMMI

AMMI

(Sneller *et al.*, 1997)

AMMI

$\delta_i^2 S^2 d_i b_i$

AMMI

$\delta_i^2 S^2 d_i$

×

×

AMMI

(Weikai and Hunt, 2001)

×

()

SIPC₁ =Sum of the value of IPC Scores) AMMI

AMGE₁=Sum across environments of GEI

(EV₁=Eigen Vector values

()

b_i SIPC₁

()

AMMI

AMMI

Table 1. Pedigree of barley genotypes

Entry	Parents/Pedigree
1	Check-1(Rihane)
2	Karoon/CS.53/Hiproly//Productive
3	Suifu/Walfajre//Desnud Navaro
4	C.C.89/VA 88-11-7
5	Th.Unk.48/Badia
6	Composit-1-92-6
7	Rihane//Aths/Bc
8	LB.Iran/Una 8271//Gloria"S"/3/Kavir
9	LB.Iran/Una 8271//Gloria"S"/Come"s"-11M/3/Kavir
10	Kavir/IFB
11	AS 46/Aths*2/(CM67/Centeno/Rubur)
12	Comp89-9CR-79-07/Atem//APM/HC1905//Rubur
13	Walfajre/Miraj1
14	Walfajre//Antares/Izmir252 2
15	Ashar/Rojo
16	L.131/Cerbel//Alger-Ceres/3/Gloria"s"- Copal"s"
17	L.131/Cerbel//Alger-Ceres/3/Kavir
18	Delisa/Alger-Ceres//Jeferson/PI1245
19	L.640/Productive
20	Check-2 (Karoon/Kavir)

%
 SIPC AMMI
 (Sum of the value of IPC Scores)
) IPC
 AMMI (Eigen Vector values) EV ()
 ×
 %
 (Noise)
 . ()
 AMMI F χ^2
 %

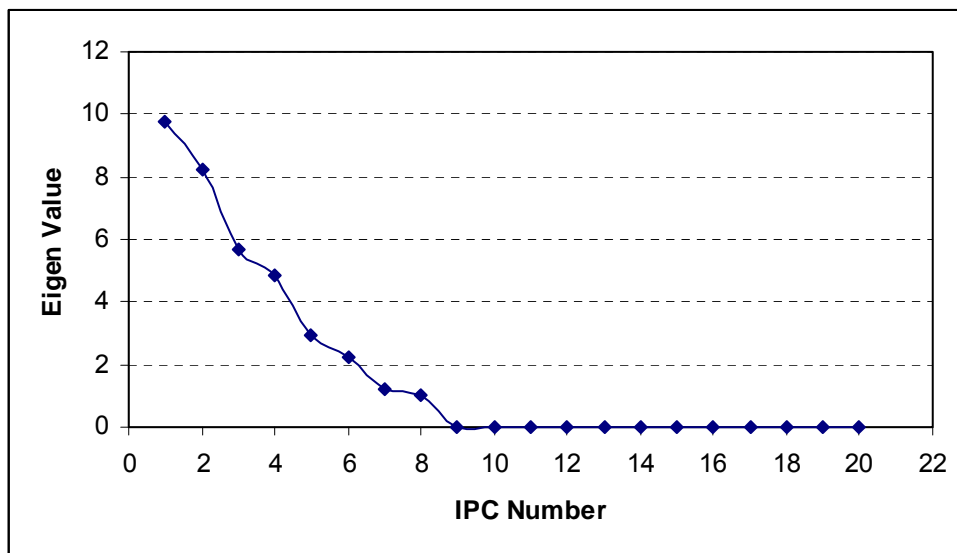


Figure 1. GEI principle component screegraph for G * E interaction

× % / ×
 AMMI %

% / AMMI5 G×E % /
% / × % / ×

AMMI

Table 2. Analysis of variance of grain yield for 20 barley genotypes in 18 environments- using AMMI

S.O.V	df	(MS)	F
Genotype (G)	19	3.67	6.07**
Env. (E)	17	92.19	152.46**
G × E	323	1.06	1.76**
Model	361	5.49	9.08**
IPCA 1	34	2.25	3.72**
IPCA 2	32	2.01	3.32**
IPCA 3	30	1.52	2.52**
IPCA 4	28	1.43	2.37**
IPCA 5	26	1.11	1.84**
Noise	173	0.50	0.83 ^{ns}
Error	718	0.60	

*** *

AMMI

(LB.Iran/Una 8271//Gloria"S"/3/Kavir)
(C.C.89/VA 88-11-7) AMMI

(ξ_i)

(η_j)

() (IPC)

()

L.131/Cerbel//Alger-) (Kavir/IFB)
(Ceres/3/(Gloria"s"Copal"s") (AS 46/Aths*2/(CM67/Centeno/Rubur)

(/)

(L.131/Cerbel//Alger-Ceres/3/Kavir)
(Karoon/CS.53/Hiproly//Productive)

AMMI5

Table 3. Genotypic Eigen values and principle components of first to fifth interactions based on AMMI5

() Genotype	× IPC ₁	× IPC ₂	× IPC ₃	× IPC ₄	× IPC ₅
Eigen value	9.7669	8.2084	5.6516	4.8366	2.9604
13	0.676	-0.357	-0.261	-0.489	-0.171
14	0.668	0.256	0.563	0.190	0.149
12	0.625	0.462	0.306	0.497	0.012
15	0.606	-0.538	0.010	-0.268	0.322
10	-0.527	0.011	-0.447	0.482	0.061
7	-0.665	-0.507	0.350	0.240	-0.278
4	-0.713	-0.232	-0.138	-0.065	0.398
8	-0.800	-0.455	0.137	0.142	0.236
1	-0.211	0.736	0.421	-0.260	-0.189
11	-0.009	0.670	-0.352	0.221	0.573
9	-0.532	0.669	0.051	-0.200	0.278
2	-0.039	0.623	-0.602	0.415	-0.057
6	-0.296	-0.654	0.250	-0.360	0.037
5	0.237	-0.692	0.335	0.494	0.128
18	0.557	-0.151	-0.694	0.356	0.024
16	-0.272	0.025	-0.715	-0.018	-0.544
17	0.020	-0.130	-0.761	-0.091	-0.366
19	-0.075	0.419	0.332	-0.772	-0.029
3	0.306	0.116	0.636	0.133	-0.645
20	0.064	0.198	-0.208	-0.617	-0.201

AMMI5

Table 4. Location eigen values and principle components of first to fifth interactions based on AMMI5

Location	× IPC ₁	× IPC ₂	× IPC ₃	× IPC ₄	× IPC ₅
Eigen value	9.767	8.208	5.652	4.837	2.961
Esfehan (2)	-0.623	0.475	-0.023	-0.072	-0.194
Kerman (5)	-0.556	0.414	0.094	0.375	-0.452
Yazd (3)	0.339	-0.213	-0.237	-0.789	-0.197
Karaj (1)	0.713	0.524	0.164	-0.291	-0.017
Zarghan (7)	0.052	0.510	0.054	0.311	0.733
Birjand (6)	0.578	-0.620	0.007	0.453	-0.176
Klardasht (9)	-0.482	-0.414	-0.714	-0.072	0.176
Neishabour (4)	-0.415	-0.522	0.703	-0.183	0.136
Varamin (8)	0.539	0.240	-0.198	0.358	0.094

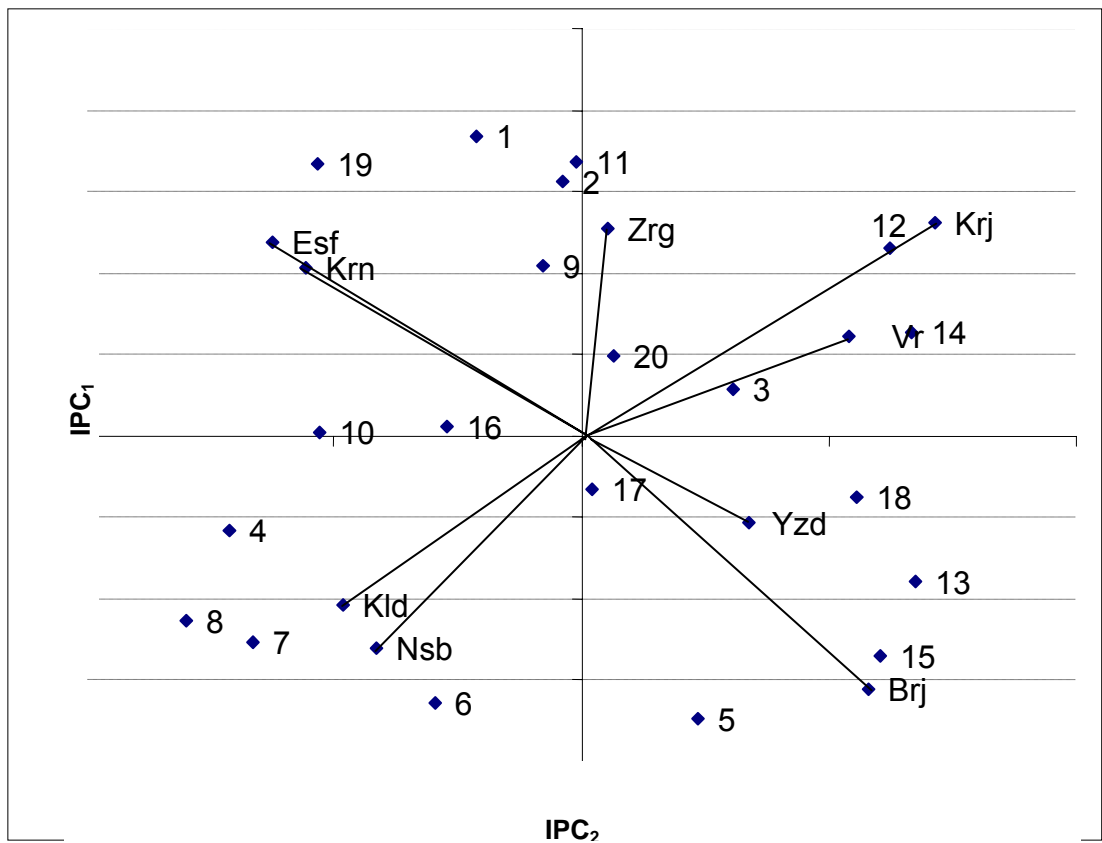


Fig. 2. GEI Biplot using first and second principle components

(Yzd) (Brj) ()

(Brj)

(Yzd) % /)

(Nsb) (

(Kld)

(Kld) (Vrm) (Krj)

(Nsb)

()

()

LB.Iran/Una 8271//Gloria"S"/Come"s"-)

(11M/3/Kavir

IPC₂ IPC₁

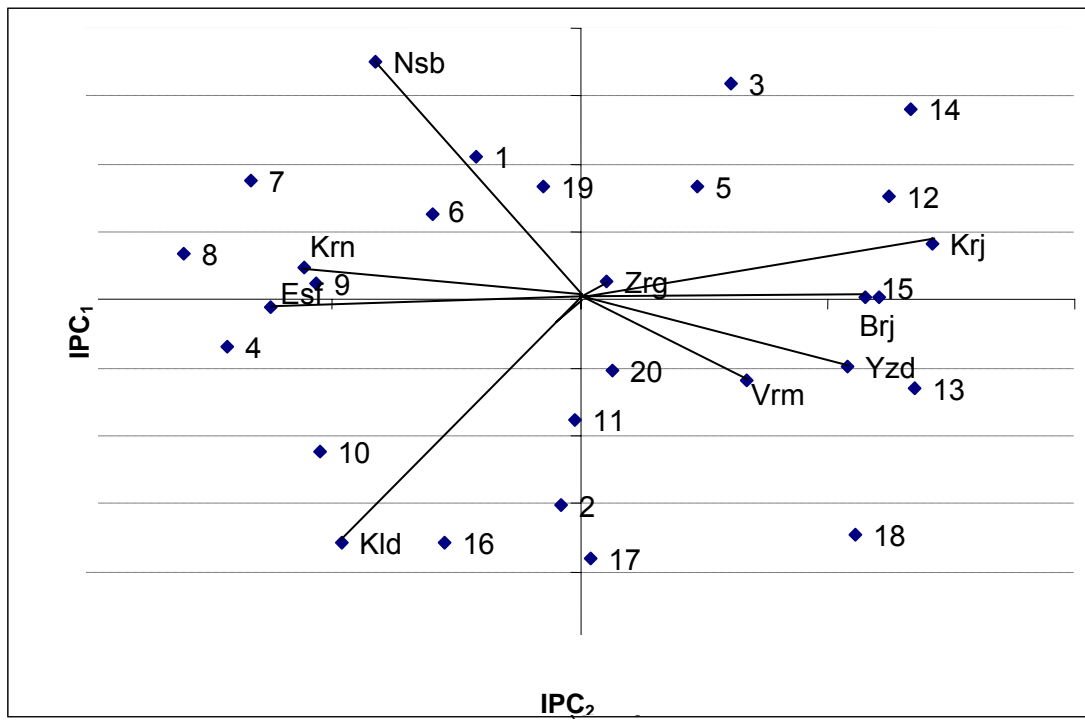


Fig. 3. GEI Biplot using first(IPC_1) and third(IPC_3) principle components

AMMI

IPC

SIPC₅

EV₅

AMMI₅

SIPC₅

EV₅

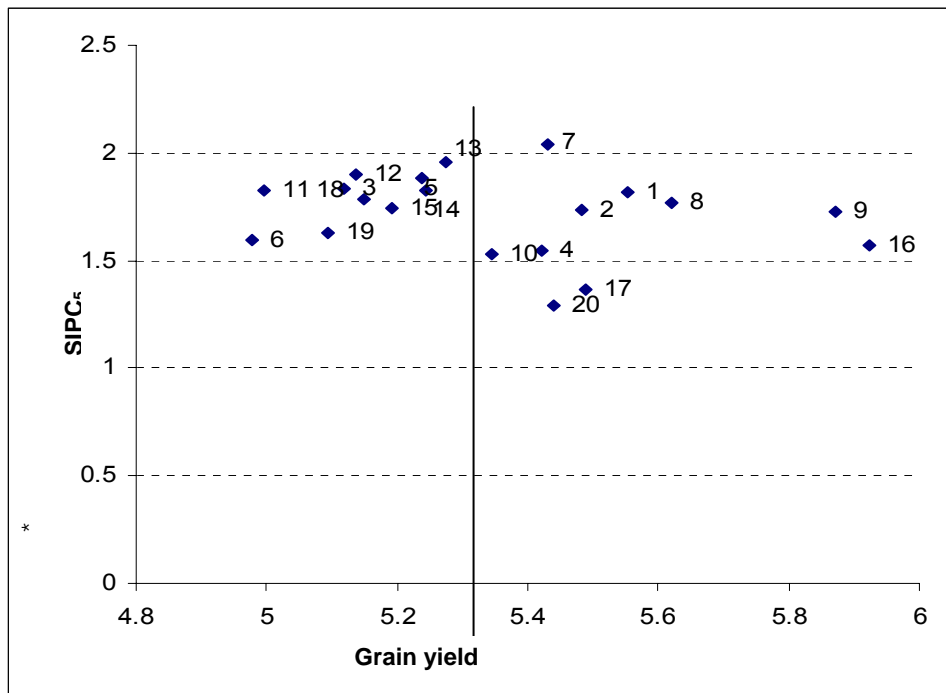
EV₅ SIPC₅

AMMI5

×

Table 5. Means of grain yield and estimated parameters of GEI based on AMMI5

Genotype	Grain yield (t/ha)	EV ₅	SIPC ₅
13	5.275	0.02596	1.9538
14	5.244	0.02435	1.8254
12	5.136	0.02676	1.9029
15	5.191	0.02181	1.7429
10	5.345	0.02249	1.5267
7	5.430	0.02522	2.0397
4	5.420	0.01909	1.5448
8	5.621	0.02193	1.7689
1	5.553	0.02466	1.8169
11	4.997	0.03090	1.8243
9	5.870	0.02165	1.7300
2	5.484	0.02955	1.7352
6	4.978	0.01985	1.5969
5	5.239	0.02755	1.8859
18	5.150	0.02920	1.7815
16	5.922	0.03186	1.5733
17	5.488	0.02681	1.3685
19	5.093	0.03298	1.6269
3	5.119	0.03450	1.8357
20	5.439	0.02001	1.2889



SIPC5

Fig. 4. Biplot of Mean grain genotypes vs. SIPC5

" ... "

SIPC₅

(IPC) AMMI

(L.131/Cerbel//Alger-Ceres/3/Gloria"s"-Copal"s")

(IPC₂) (IPC₁) IPC₁

.()

AMMI SIPC₁ AMMI

EV SIPC AMMI

AMGE

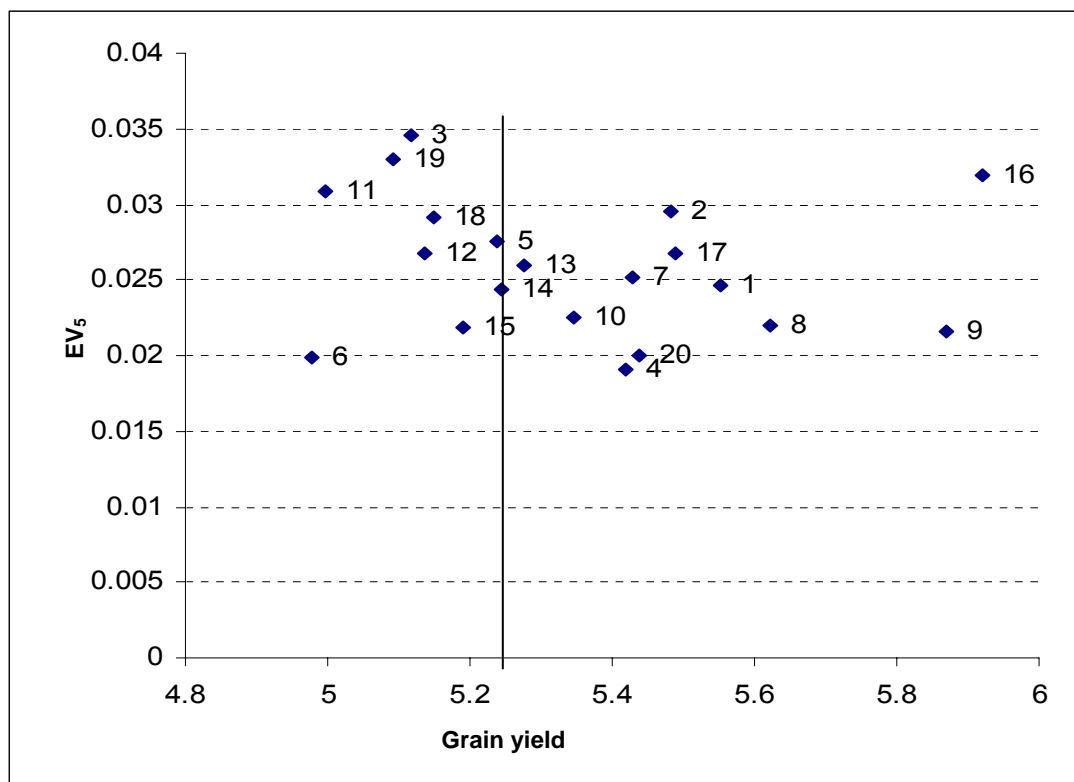
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AMMI

% / %



EV5

Fig. 5. Biplot of Mean grain genotypes vs. EV5

(C.C.89/VA 88-11-7)

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AMMI

IPC₁ (EBYTC80-13)

EV6 SIPC₆

AMMI

IPC₂

(L.131/Cerbel//Alger-Ceres/3/(Gloria"s"Copal"s")

AMGE₆

EV₅

LB.Iran/Una8271//Gloria"S"/)

(Come"s"-11M/3/Kavir

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AMMI

AMMI

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Analysis of yield stability of barley (*Hordeum vulgare* L.) genotypes- using additive main effects and multiplicative interaction (AMMI) model

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ABSTRACT

Nikkhah, H. R., A. Yousefi, S. M. Mortazavian and M. Arazmjoo. 2007. Analysis of yield stability of barley (*Hordeum vulgare* L.) genotypes- using additive main effects and multiplicative interaction (AMMI) model. Iranian Journal of Crop Sciences. 9 (1): 1-13.

Significant genotype \times environment ($G \times E$) interactions effects in a major constraint in evaluation and release of new cultivars. To achieve this goal and in order to evaluate and advance towards new high-yielding and stable/adaptable cultivars suitable for the temperate agro-ecological zone in Iran, a set of yield trials was conducted with 20 elite barley lines using a Randomized Complete Block Design (RCBD) with three replicates at nine different experimental field stations during two successive years (1380-1382). Grain yield was studied and the results obtained from the combined analysis of variance revealed significance of all effects i.e. genotype, environment and genotype \times environment interactions. Genotypes mean showed that the entries No. 9 (LB.Iran/Una8271//Gloria"S"/Come"s"-11M/3/Kavir) and No. 16 (L.131/Cerbel//Alger-Ceres/3/Gloria"s"-Copal"s") had the highest grain yield. To have a better interpretation of $G \times E$ interaction multivariate AMMI method was used, which resulted in five main principle components that explained 74.68% of the interaction mean square. Additionally, the genotypes No. 16 (L.131/Cerbel//Alger-Ceres/3/Gloria"s"-Copal"s") and No. 17 (L.131/Cerbel//Alger-Ceres/3/Kavir) had the lowest IPC_1 and IPC_2 and the highest levels of stability. Using the results of biplot and AMMI analysis, parameters integrated with those of grain yield, the entries 9 and 16 were selected as candidates lines with both best performance and grain yield stability.

Key words: Genotype \times Environment Interaction, Barley, Grain yield, AMMI analysis, Temperate agro-ecological zone.

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