

*

(// // //)

()

()

[]

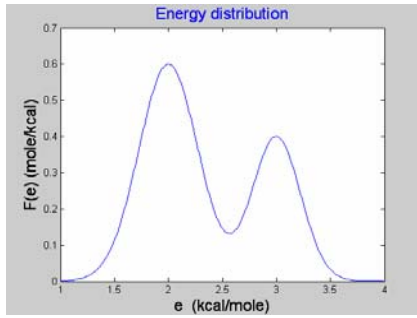
[-]

[-]

: () $1 \frac{Kcal}{mol} < e < 4 \frac{Kcal}{mol}$

$$f(e) = 1.125 \exp(-(e - 2.5)^2 / 0.25)$$

()



:(Overlapped) :

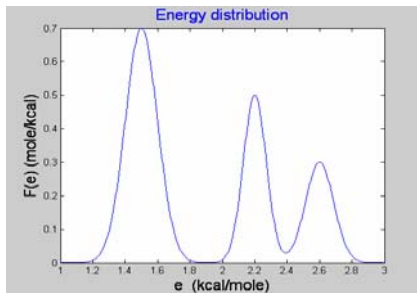
Non overlapped triple Peak -

-

:

$$f(e) = 0.7 \exp(-(e-1.5)^2 / 0.02) + 0.5 \exp(-(e-2.2)^2 / 0.01) + 0.3 \exp(-(e-2.6)^2 / 0.015)$$

()



:(Non overlapped)

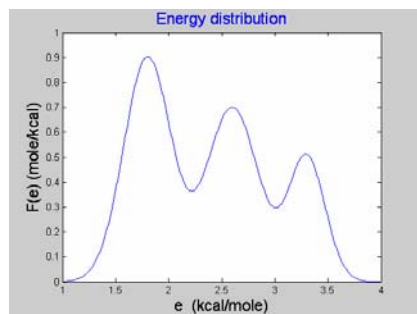
Overlapped triple Peak -

-

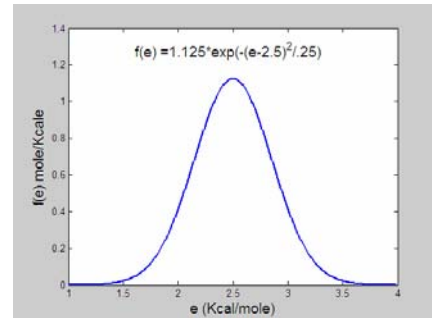
:

$$f(e) = 0.9 \exp(-(e-1.8)^2 / 0.1) + 0.7 \exp(-(e-2.6)^2 / 0.12) + 0.5 \exp(-(e-3.3)^2 / 0.06)$$

()



:(Overlapped) :



:(Single peak) :

:

Non overlapped double Peak -

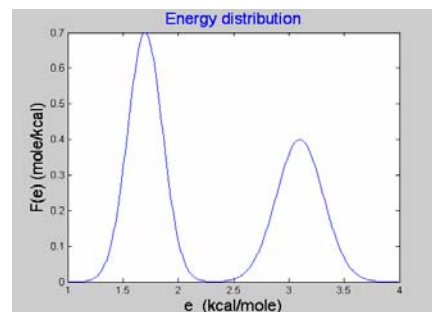
-

:

$$f(e) = 0.7 \exp(-(e-1.7)^2 / 0.05) + 0.4 \exp(-(e-3.1)^2 / 0.09)$$

()

()



:(Non overlapped)

Overlapped double Peak -

-

:

$$f(e) = 0.6 \exp(-(e-2.0)^2 / 0.15) + 0.4 \exp(-(e-3.0)^2 / 0.1)$$

()

()

.....

(-
 (

« » :

:(())

$$F(e) = 1.125 \exp\left[-\frac{(e-0.25)^2}{0.25}\right]$$

:[-]

()

$$g(p_i) = \int_{e_{\min}}^{e_{\max}} k(p_i, e) f(e) de$$

()

77.5

f(e)

$$1 \text{ mbar} < P_i < 1000 \text{ mbar}$$

k(p,e)

()

$$1 \frac{\text{Kcal}}{\text{mol}} < e < 4 \frac{\text{Kcal}}{\text{mol}}$$

:

$$\theta(P_i, T) = \int_{e_{\min}}^{e_{\max}} \frac{k_0 \exp\left[\frac{e}{RT}\right] P_i}{1 + k_0 \exp\left(\frac{e}{RT}\right) P_i} F(e) de$$

()

F(e)

$$k(e, P_i, T) = \frac{K_0 \exp\left[\frac{e}{RT}\right] P_i}{1 + K_0 \exp\left(\frac{e}{RT}\right) P_i}$$

()

$$\theta(P_i, T) = \frac{k_0}{T} P_i$$

K₀

R

()

:[-]

$$f = \{A^T A + \gamma I\}^{-1} A^T g$$

()

g I A

λ

λ

:

(GCV)

[-]

λ

:

λ

: (a)

(GCV)

: (b)

()

: (c)

() () ()

(

)

(k_0)

()

/

Non overlapped double peak

-

()

%

() ()

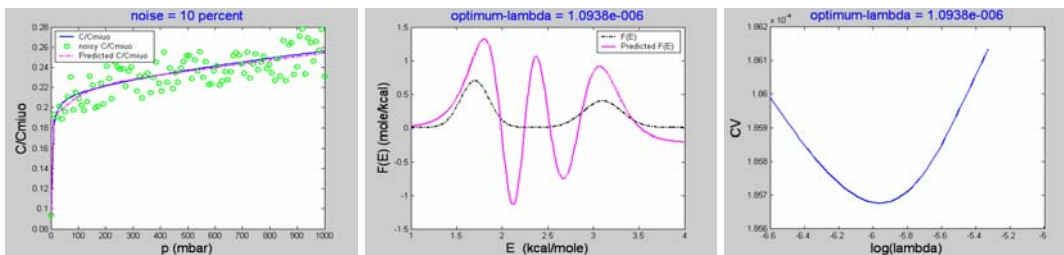
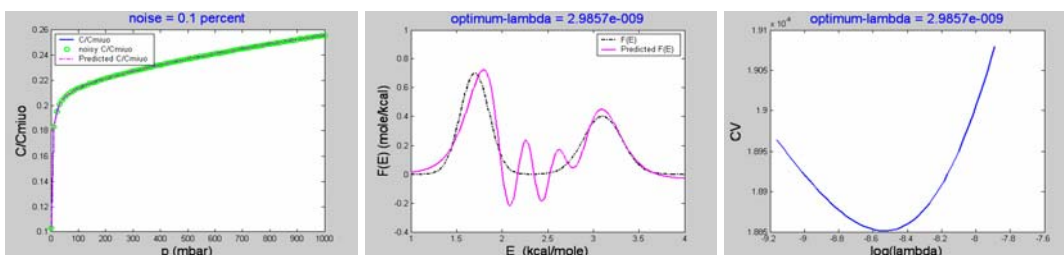
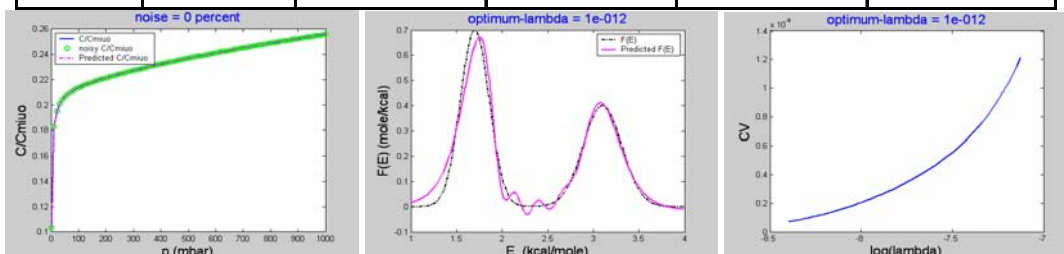
(k0)				
Type	Double peak		Triple peak	
	Non overlaped	Overlaped	Non overlaped	Overlaped
equi space	3.136E-09	4.306E-09	1.752E-08	1.874E-09
Non equi space	1.120E-08	2.343E-09	7.107E-09	2.856E-09

(equi space)

Noise		Double		Triple	
		Non overlapped	Overlapped	Non overlapped	Overlapped
0.10%	2.000E-03	2.986E-09	8.652E-08	4.863E-09	5.362E-09
0.50%	1.000E-02	1.011E-08	3.076E-07	1.002E-07	5.856E-08
1%	2.000E-02	1.906E-08	6.395E-07	1.554E-07	1.409E-07
3%	6.000E-02	3.392E-07	1.681E-05	3.739E-07	7.051E-07
5%	1.000E-01	6.091E-07	4.460E-05	6.715E-07	1.836E-04
10%	2.000E-01	1.094E-06	2.125E-04	1.127E-04	5.921E-04
20%	4.000E-01	.....	1.013E-03	.....	.....

(Non equi space)

Noise		Double		Triple	
		Non overlapped	Overlapped	Non overlapped	Overlapped
0.10%	2.000E-03	3.775E-08	1.217E-07	2.683E-08	4.588E-08
1%	2.000E-02	8.162E-07	1.964E-06	1.539E-06	1.329E-06
3%	6.000E-02	1.871E-06	4.288E-06	3.889E-06	3.047E-06
5%	1.000E-01	2.632E-06	6.034E-06	5.473E-06	4.288E-06
10%	2.000E-01	3.704E-06	8.914E-06	7.700E-06	6.335E-06
20%	4.000E-01	.....	.....	1.084E-05	.....
30%	6.000E-01	.....	.....	1.317E-05	.....
50%	1.000E+00	.....	.....	1.681E-05	.....



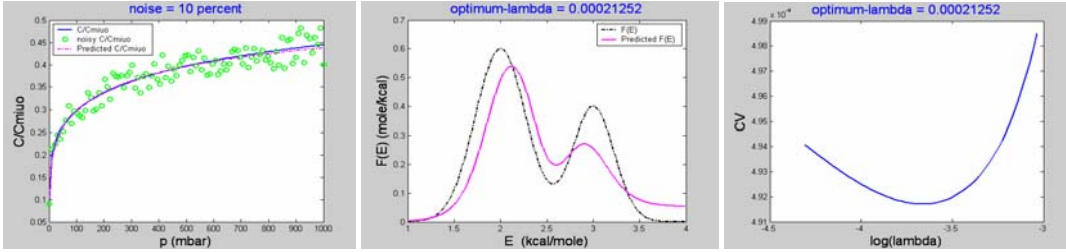
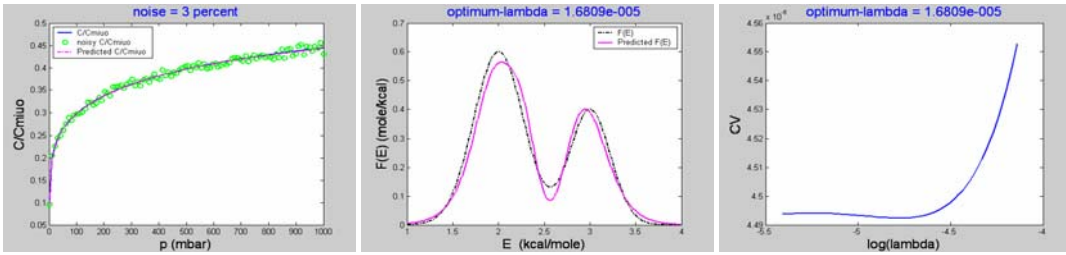
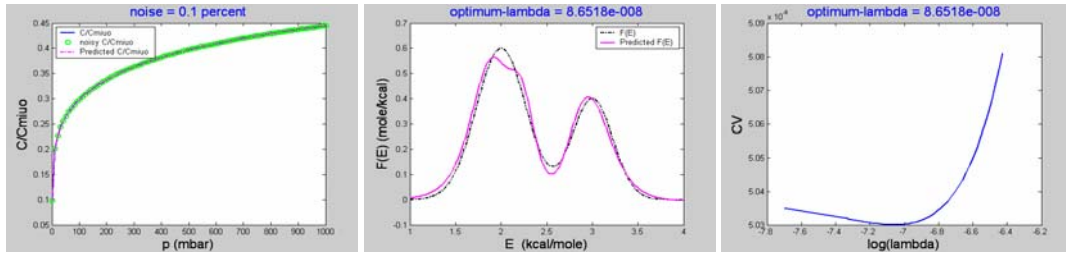
(c)

(b)

(a)

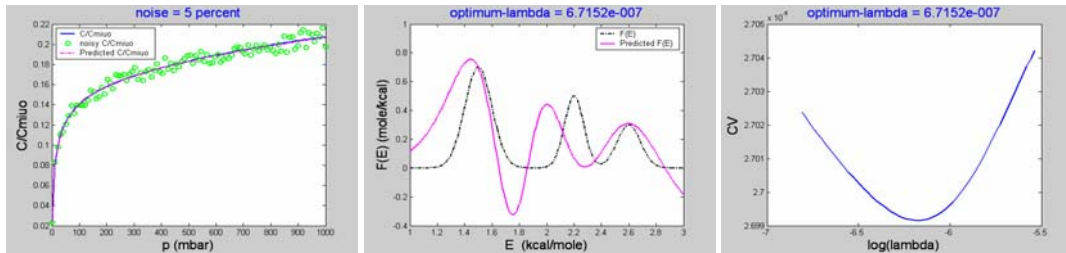
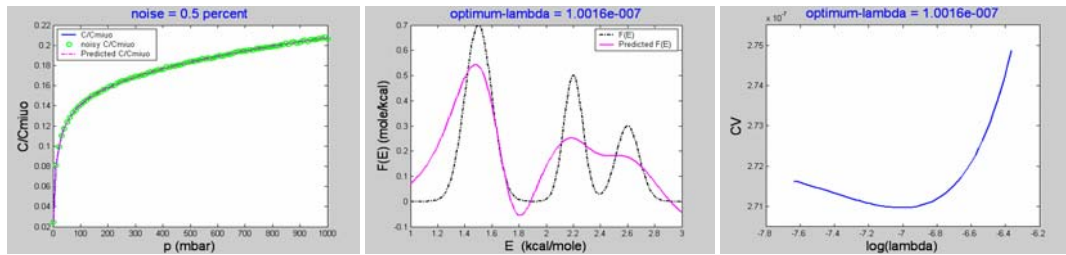
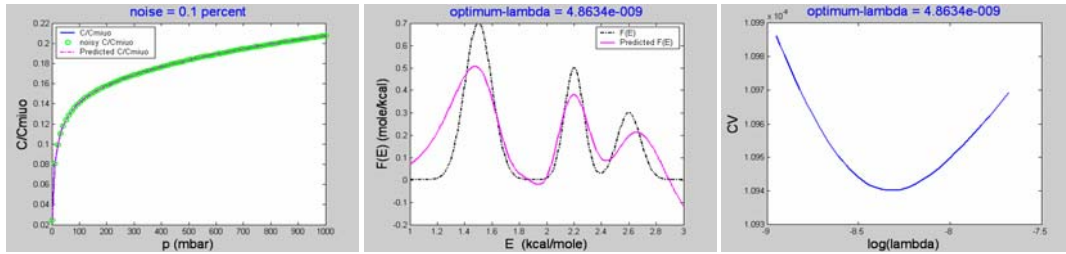
Non Overlapped double peak

cv :



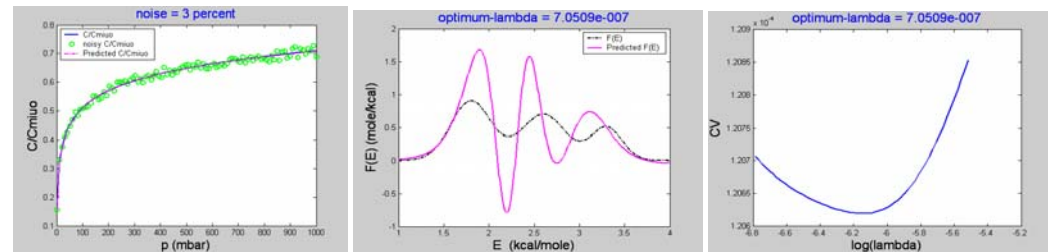
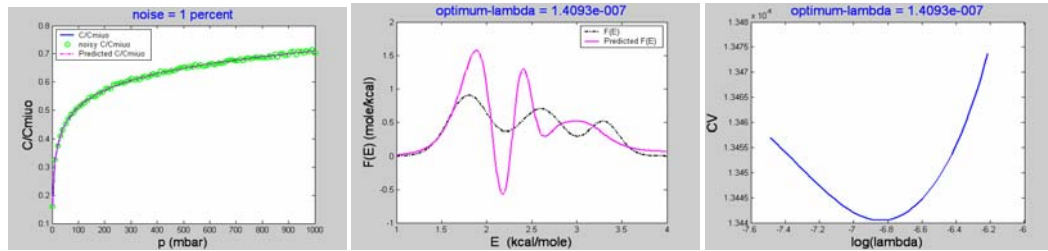
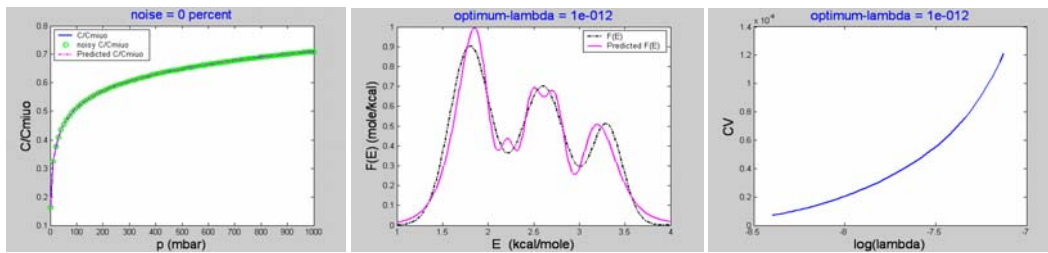
Overlapped double peak

cv :



Non overlapped triple peak

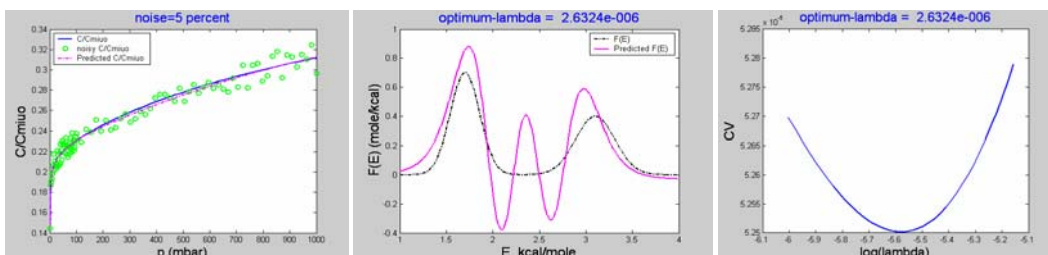
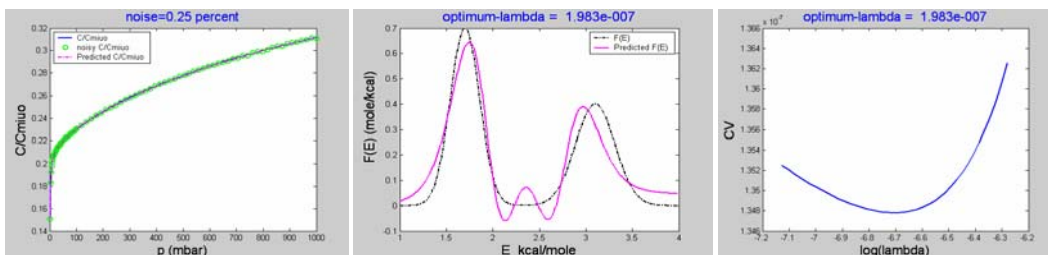
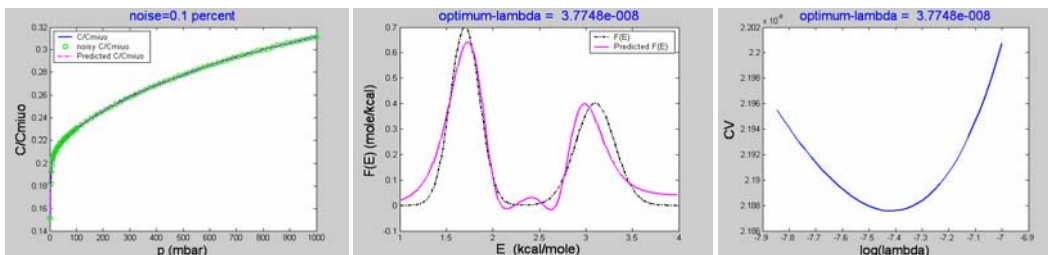
:



Overlapped triple peak

cv

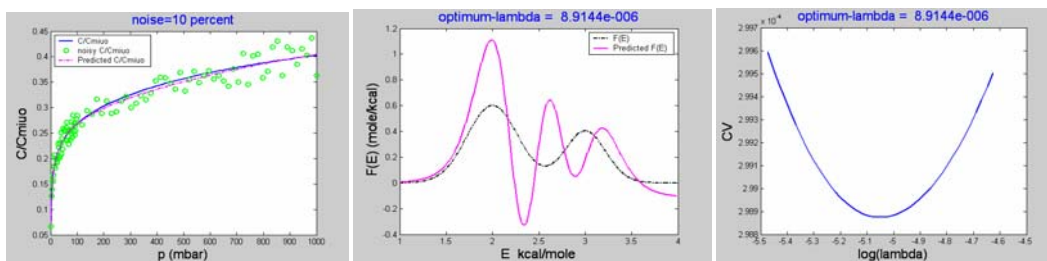
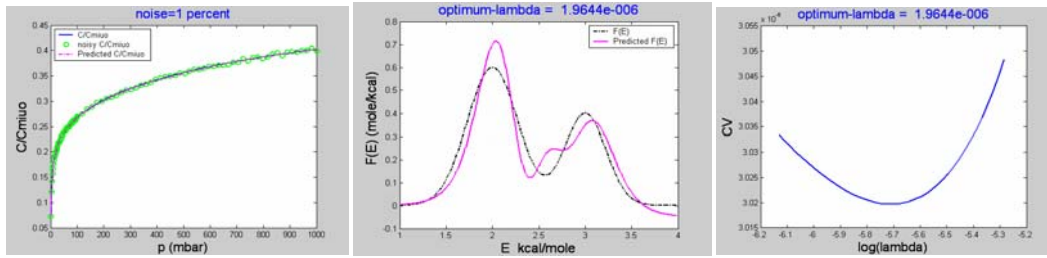
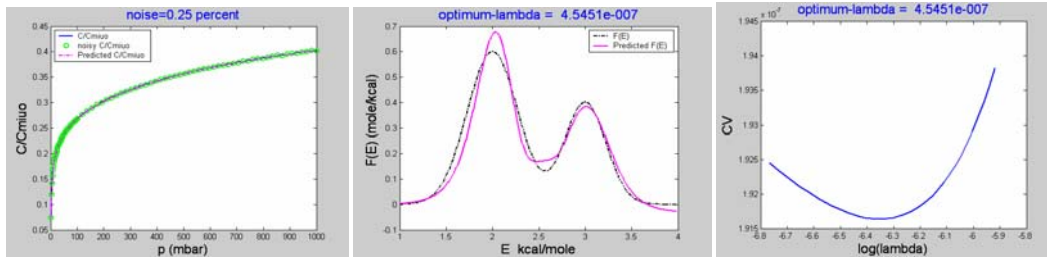
:



Non overlapped double peak

cv

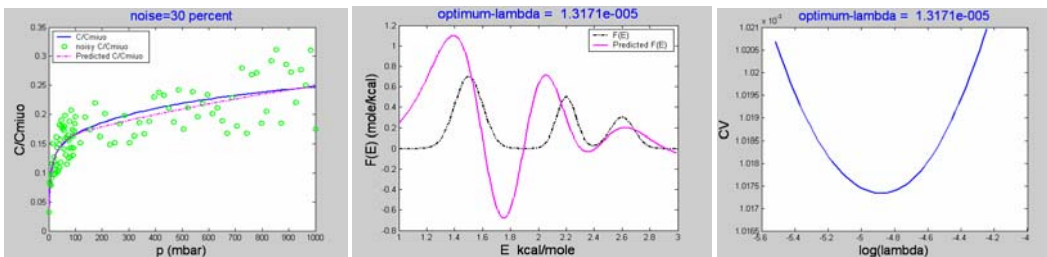
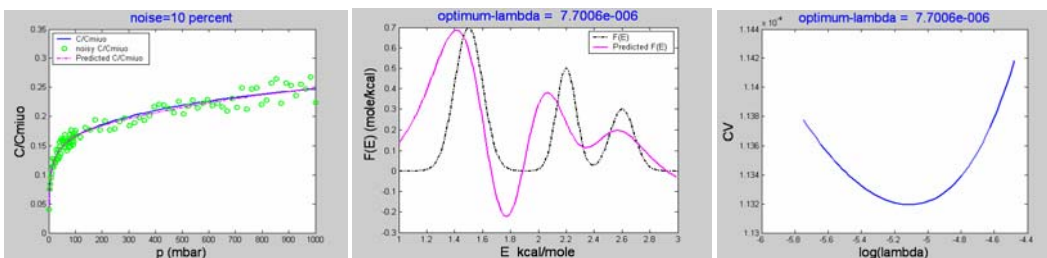
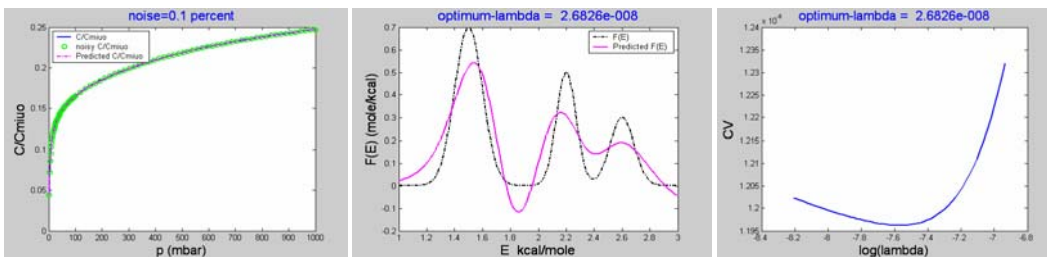
:



Overlapped double peak

cv

:



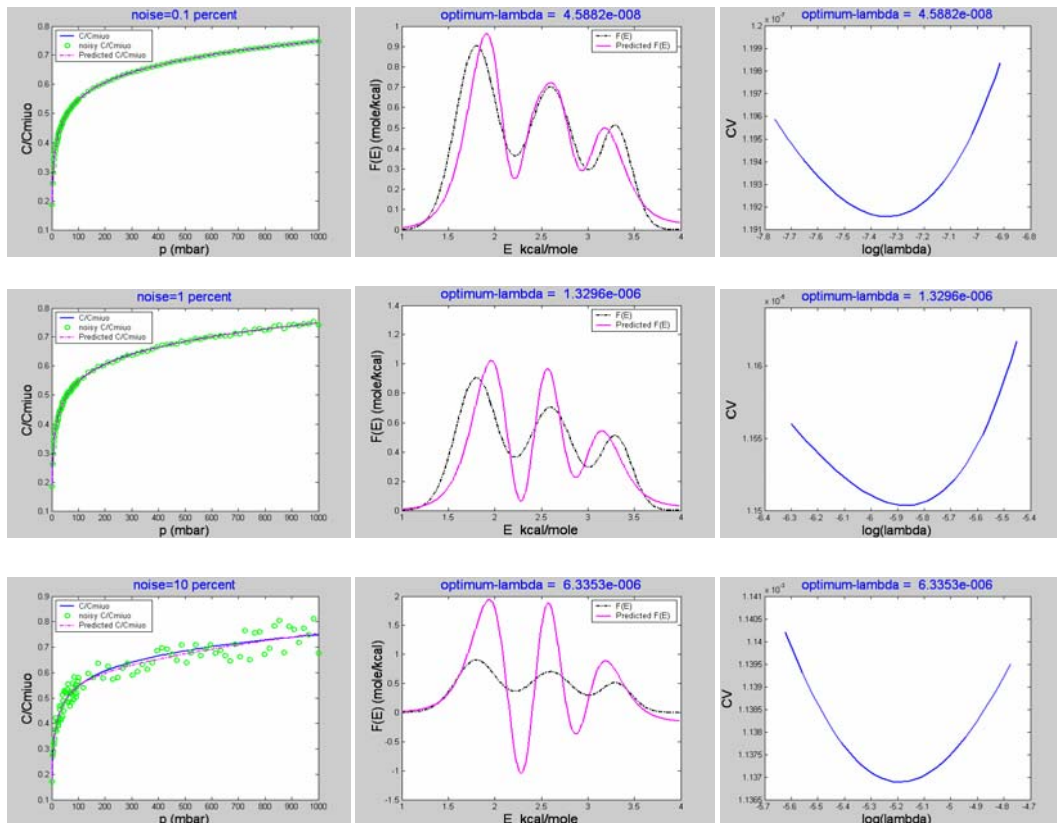
Non overlapped triple peak

:

Triple

λ

()



Overlapped triple peak

cv :

- 1 - Russell, B. P. and Levan, M. D. (1994). "Pour size distribution of BPL activated carbon determined by different methods." *Carbon, ELSEVIER*, Vol. 32, No. 5, PP. 845-855.
- 2 - William, H. Press, Brian P. Flannery, Saul A. Teukolsky, William T. Vetterling, (1992). *Numerical Recipes (The art of scientific computing)*, 2nd Ed.
- 3 - Szombathely, M. V., Brauer, P. and Jaroniec, M. (1992). "The solution of adsorption integral equations by means of the regularization method." *Journal of Computational Chemistry*, Vol. 13, No. 1, PP. 17-32.
- 4 - Glob and Loan. (1996). *Matrix computation*, Third edition.
- 5 - Venkatesh, P. K. (2000). "On tikhonov regularization." *Physica A*, Elsevier, Vol. 284, PP. 448-460.
- 6 - Merz, P. H. (1980). "Determination of adsorption energy distribution by regularization and a characterization of certain adsorption isotherms." *Journal of Computational Physics*, Vol. 38, PP. 64-85.
- 7 - Hansen, O¹., Fischer, S². and Ramlau, R³. (2003). *Regularization of mellen-type inverse problems with an application to oil engineering*. 1- Johannes Gutenberg–University Mainz and 2- University of Bremen.
- 8 - Lamm, P. K. (2000). *Variable-Smoothing Regularization Methods for Inverse Problems*, Michigan State University, East Lansing, MI 48824-1027, USA.
- 9 - Doung, D. Do. (1998). *Adsorption Analysis: Equilibria and Kinetics*, Imperical college press, Singapore.
- 10 - Ahmadian, H., Mottershead, J. E. and Friswell, M. I. (1998). "Regularization methods for finite element model updating." *Mechanical systems and Signal Processing, AP*, Vol. 12, No. 1, PP. 47-64.
- 11 - Yagola, A. and Titarenko, V. (2000). *Numerical methods and regularization techniques for the solution of ill-posed problems*, Department of Mathematics, Faculty of Physics, Moscow State University Moscow 119899 Russia.
- 12 - Yeun, Y. S., Lee, K. H., Han, S. M. and Yang, Y. S. (2001). "Smooth fitting with a method for determining the regularization parameter under the genetic programming algorithm." *Information Sciences*, Elsevier, Vol. 133, PP. 175-194.