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Active Vibration Control of Tall Buildings Using Optimal Pole

Assignment Method

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Abstract

In active Structural control using the Pole assignment method, determination of suitable values for the eigenvalues of closed-loop control system is very important and the maximum responses of the controlled structure is very sensitive to it. Here, this problem is formulated as an optimization problem using the exterior penalty function method and a new algorithm is suggested for it. The results of study for several numerical examples, reveals the efficiency of the new algorithm compared to the previous ones.

Key words: Active Control, Pole Assignment Method, Tall Buildings, Optimization

$$\begin{matrix} m & u(t) & r & f(t) \\ & & & \end{matrix} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{matrix} n \times r & E & n \times m & D \\ & & & \end{matrix} \quad (2)$$

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$$\dot{q}(t) = A.q(t) + B.u(t) + H.f(t) \quad (3)$$

$$2n \quad q(t) \quad (4)$$

$$q(t) = \begin{Bmatrix} x(t) \\ \dot{x}(t) \end{Bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

$$B \quad 2n \times 2n \quad A \quad 2n \times m \quad [1,2,7,8]$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ -M^{-1}.K & -M^{-1}.C \end{bmatrix} \quad (6)$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ M^{-1}.D \end{bmatrix} \quad (7)$$

$$H = \begin{bmatrix} I \\ M^{-1}.E \end{bmatrix} \quad (8)$$

$$B.u(t) \quad M.\ddot{x}(t) + C.\dot{x}(t) + K.x(t) = D.u(t) + E.f(t) \quad (9)$$

$$(A) \quad \ddot{x}(t) \quad \dot{x}(t) \quad x(t) \quad K, C, M$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 & \lambda_i, \lambda_i^* = \xi_i^{con} \cdot \omega_i \pm j \cdot \omega_i \cdot \sqrt{1 - (\xi_i^{con})^2} \quad () \\
 & u(t) = F \cdot q(t) \quad () \\
 & \ddot{x}_m, \dot{x}_m, x_m \quad \dot{q}(t) = (A + B \cdot F)q(t) + H \cdot f(t) \quad () \\
 & \alpha \quad u_m \quad \alpha \quad () \quad A + B \cdot F \\
 & minimize \quad u_m(\alpha) \quad () \quad A \\
 & subjected to: \quad A + B \cdot F \\
 & x_m(\alpha) / x_a - 1 \leq 0 \quad () \\
 & \dot{x}_m(\alpha) / \dot{x}_a - 1 \leq 0 \quad () \quad \lambda_i, \lambda_i^* = \xi_i \cdot \omega_i \pm j \cdot \omega_i \cdot \sqrt{1 - \xi_i^2} \quad () \\
 & \ddot{x}_m(\alpha) / \ddot{x}_a - 1 \leq 0 \quad () \quad \lambda_i \quad F \\
 & \alpha \geq 0 \quad (16) \\
 & \ddot{x}_a, \dot{x}_a, x_a \\
 & \alpha \\
 & \xi_i^{con} = \alpha \cdot \xi_i \quad (i = 1, 2, \dots, n) \quad ()
 \end{aligned}$$

R,Q

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$$g_1(\alpha) = x_m(\alpha) / x_a - 1 \leq 0 \quad ()$$

$$g_2(\alpha) = \dot{x}_m(\alpha) / \dot{x}_a - 1 \leq 0 \quad ()$$

$$g_3(\alpha) = \ddot{x}_m(\alpha) / \ddot{x}_a - 1 \leq 0 \quad ()$$

R,Q

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$$P(\alpha) = [\max(0, g_1)]^2 + [\max(0, g_2)]^2 + [\max(0, g_3)]^2 \quad ()$$

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$$\phi(\alpha, r_p) = u_m(\alpha) + r_p \cdot P(\alpha) \quad ()$$

r_p

r_p

r_p

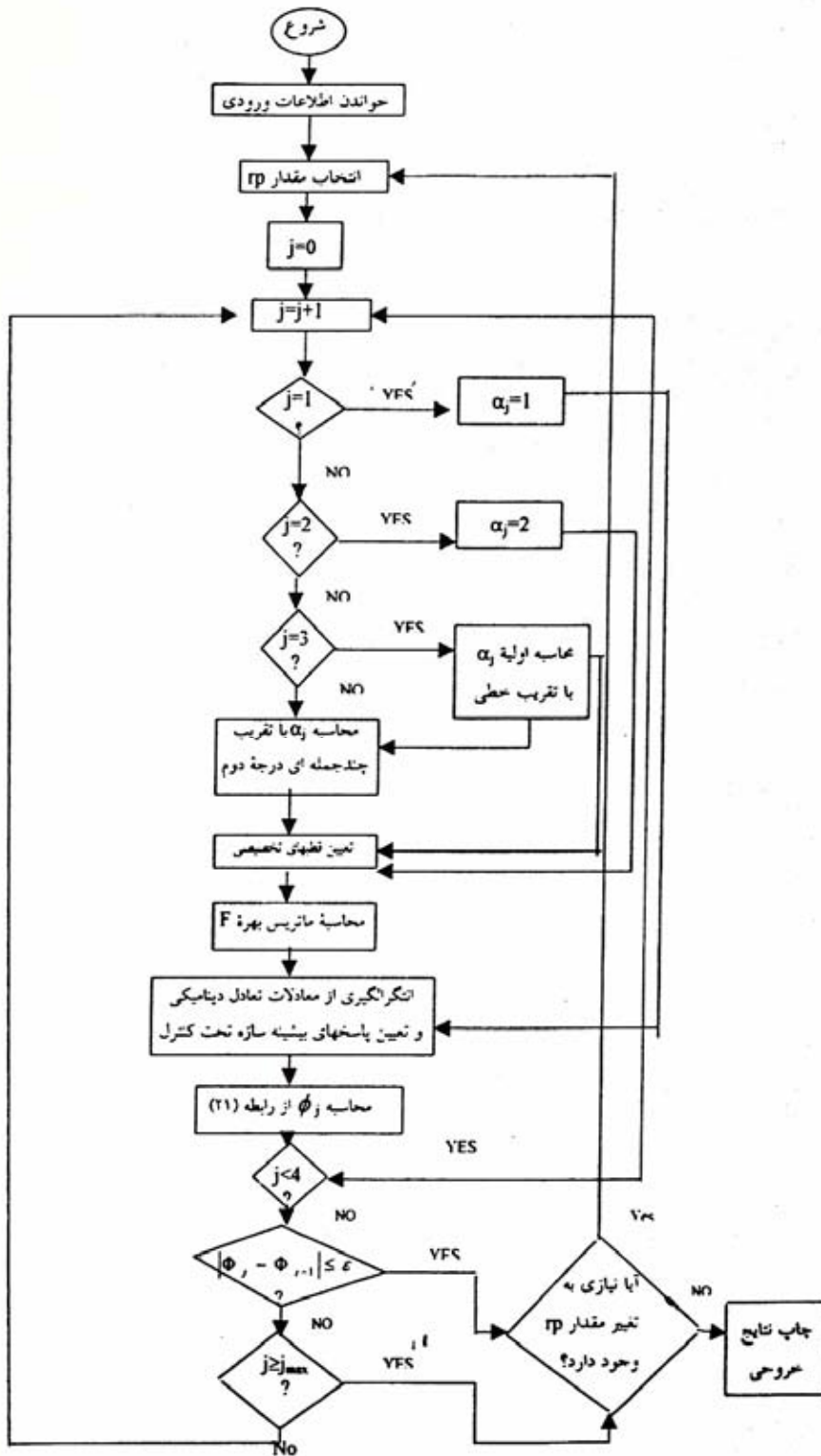
r_p

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r_p

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} 1850 \\ 1860 \\ 1870 \\ 1880 \\ 1890 \end{cases} \sin 2.18t \text{ (kN)} \quad ()$$

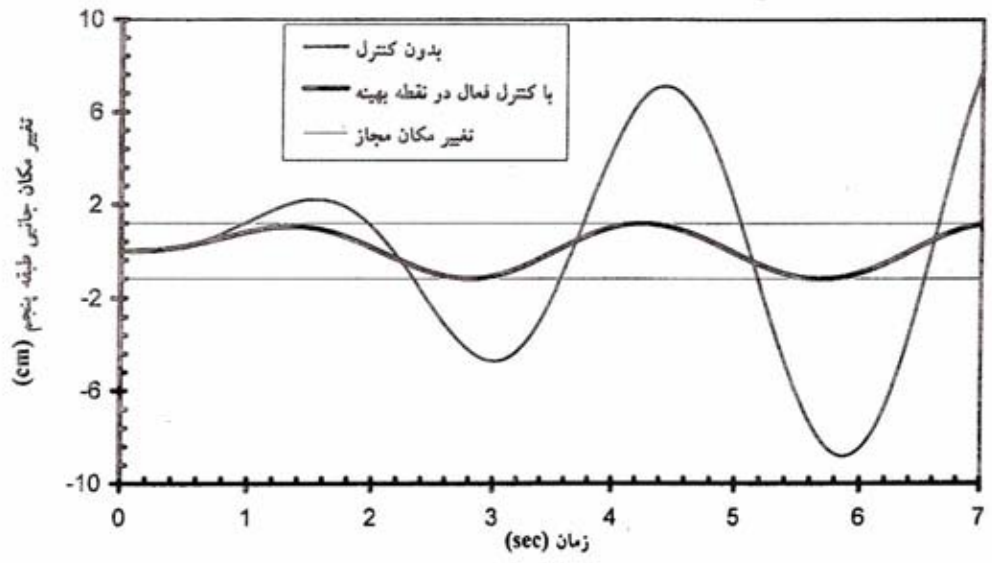
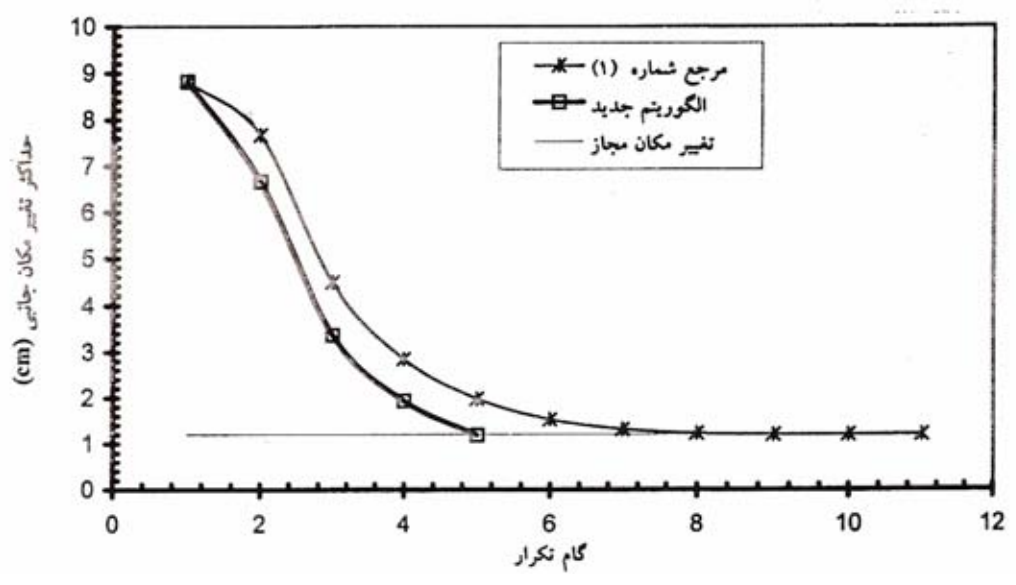
1- Feasible Region

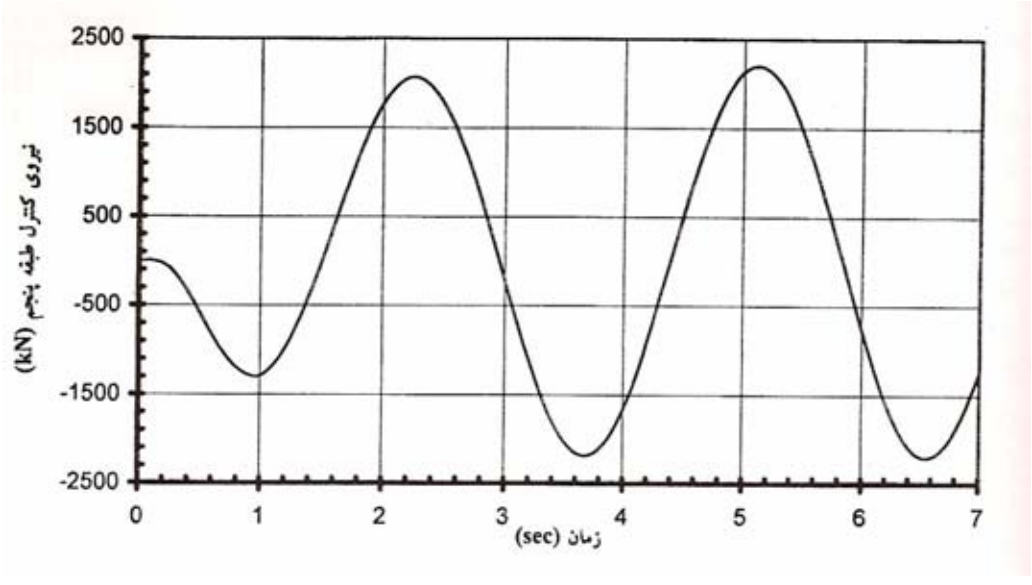


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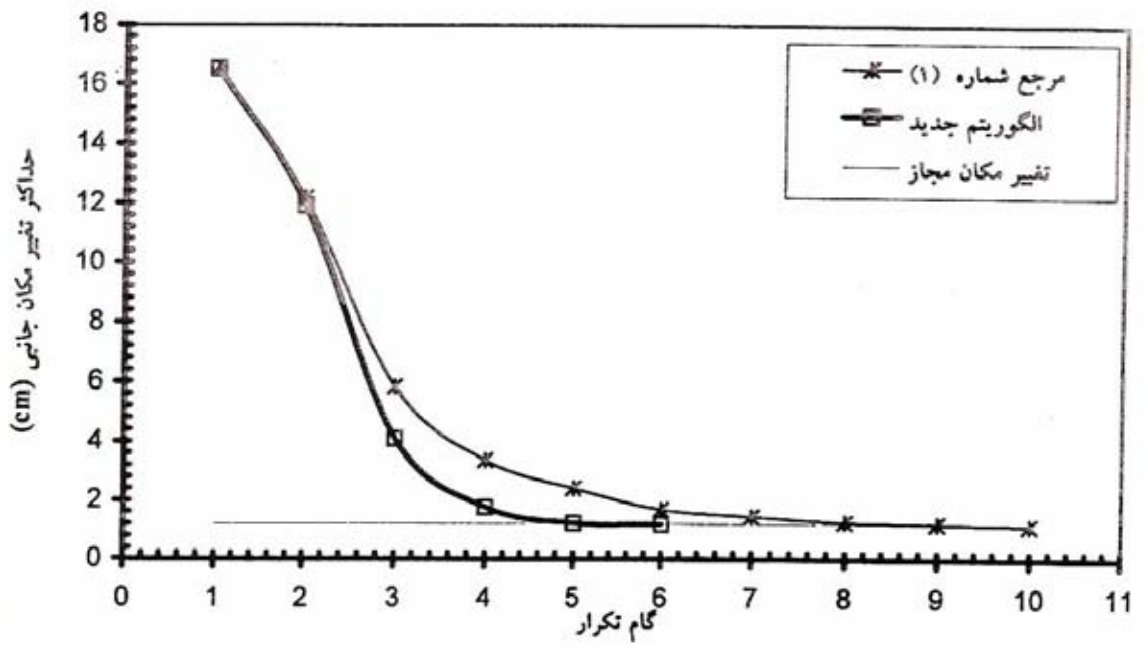


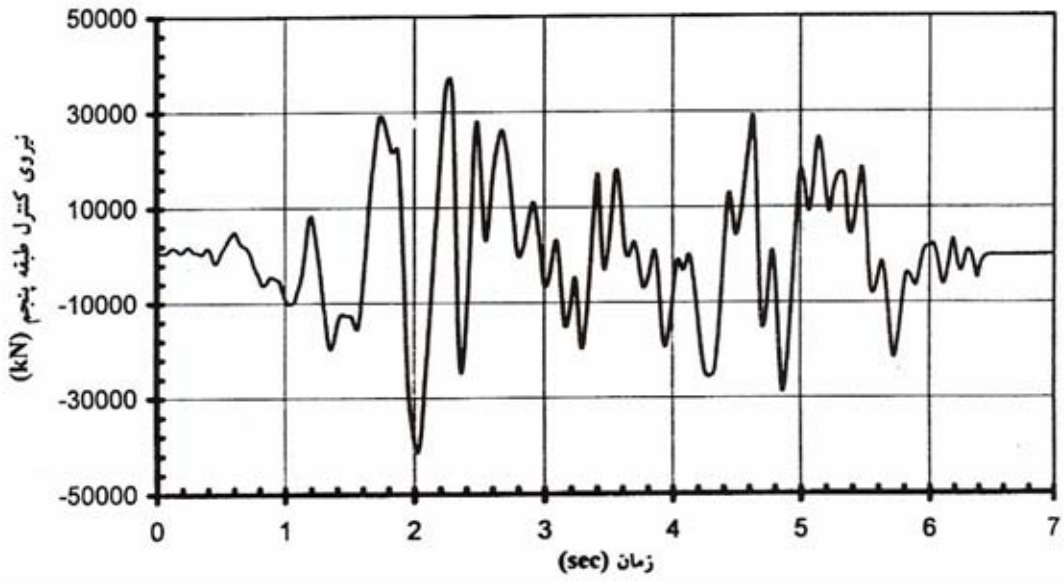
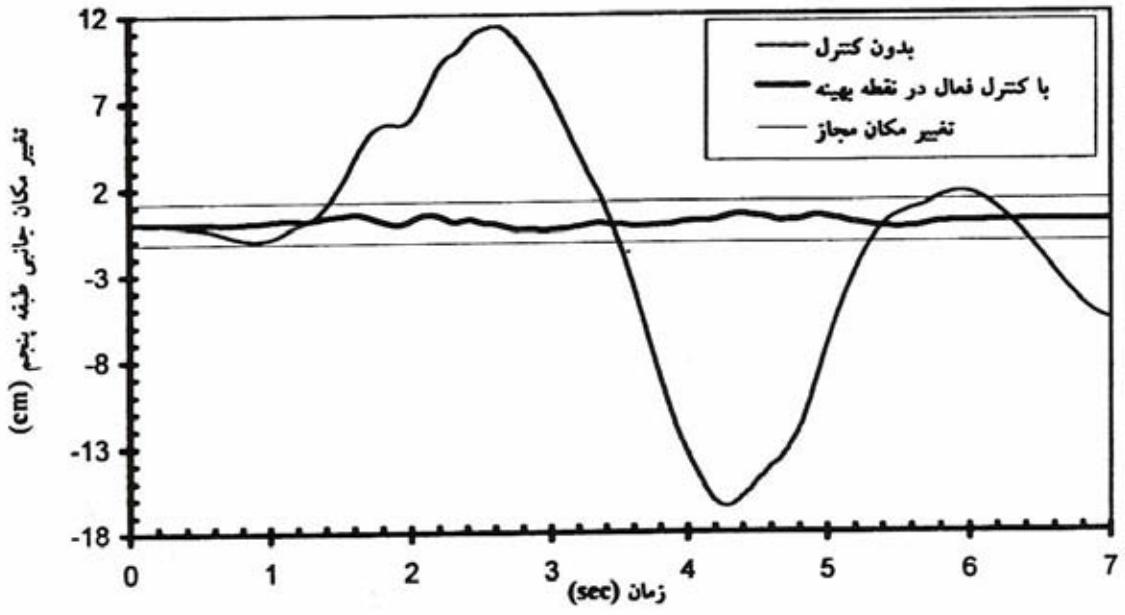
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 $\dot{x}(t)$
 $\ddot{x}(t)$
D

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f(t)

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 λ_i
 ζ_i

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 ω_i
 u_m
P(α)
 r_p

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