

( ) -

( ) « (...) ( ) -  
» « »  
( ) -  
(CLIPPER) (GSR.EXE)  
( ) -  
- :

## Simulation of the Rate Reactions of Gas-Solid (Nonporous) by use of Mazet Model

A. Rasooli Ceramic Engineering Department, Faculty of Engineering, University of Tabriz, Tabriz, Iran

Kh. Sadernezhaad Faculty of Materials Sci. and Eng., Sharif University of Technology, Tehran, Iran

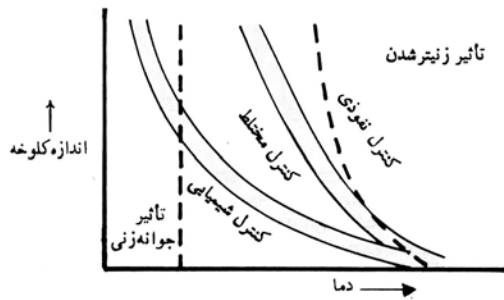
### Abstract

In this paper, The rate of reactions of Gas-Solid (Nonporous) such as metals and alloys are simulated. The offered kinetics models of these reactions by scientists and mathematician are divided into two parts : “Shrinking – core model” and “Nonshrinking – core model”. Kinetics model of Mazet, which is designed on the basis of “Shrinking – core model”, has been recognized as a more suitable model in order to simulate the equation of reaction rate of the Gas – Solid (Nonporous). In this work, the “GSR.EXE” in “CLIPPER” language was designed and written in order to solve the equation of Mazet Model by method of the “least square”. Then, the equation of the rate of the number of reaction was simulated by software and was compared with the exiting informations in the papers.

**Key words: Kinetics, Gas-solid reactions, Simulation, Mazet, Nonshrinking-core model.**

- 
- 1- Shrinking – core model
  - 2- Nonshrinking – core model
  - 3- Mazet model

[ ]

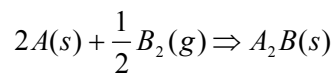


[ ]

(...)

[ ]

( )



[ ]

(

» «

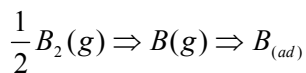
»

(

«

» «

» «

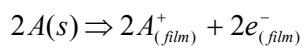


/

(

(

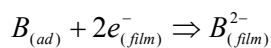
)



( )

/

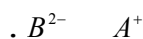
(



[ ]



(



(

( )

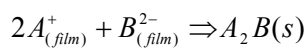
»

( )

( )

»

«



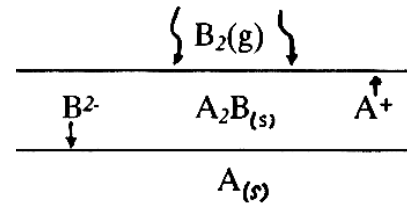
1- Mixed Controlling  
2- Sintering

( ) -

Shrinking – Core Model	NonShrinking – Core Model
------------------------	---------------------------

[ ] Mckewans Model [ ] Miyamoto Model [ ] Dorasiswany Model [ ] Seth & Ross Model [ ] Levenspiel Model [ ] Mazet Model	[ ] Lama & Dudukovic Model [ ] Ramachandran Model [ ] Szekely & Sohn Model
---	---

(  
)  
.



[ ] - -  
:  
( ) ( )

-  
[ ] ( )  
-

( )  
( )  
[ ]  
( ) ( ) ( )

( ) ( ) ( )  
( )  
( ) ( )

( )  
[ ]

" " " "  
[ ] ( )

- 4- Single Controlling
- 5- Double Controlling
- 6- Mixed Controlling
- 7- Sherwood Number
- 8- Thiele Modulus

- 1- External Diffusion
- 2- Chemical Reaction
- 3- Internal Diffusion

/ ( " " "

(  
(  
/ K

[S(rc)]

( )

( )

( )

$$S(rc) = Ag \left[ \frac{rc}{r.} \right]^{Fg-1} \quad ( )$$

Fg:

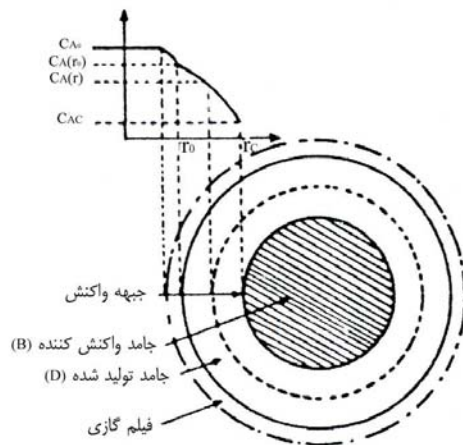
r.

rc

( )

: B

$$X = 1 - \left[ \frac{rc}{r.} \right]^{Fg} \quad ( )$$



[ ]

( )

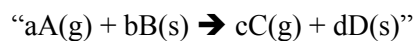
(

$$\frac{dn_A}{dt} = -k.C_A^n.S(rc) \quad ( )$$

$$\frac{dn_A}{dt} = \frac{1}{b} \cdot \frac{dn_B}{dt} \quad ( \varphi )$$

( ) ( )

[ ]



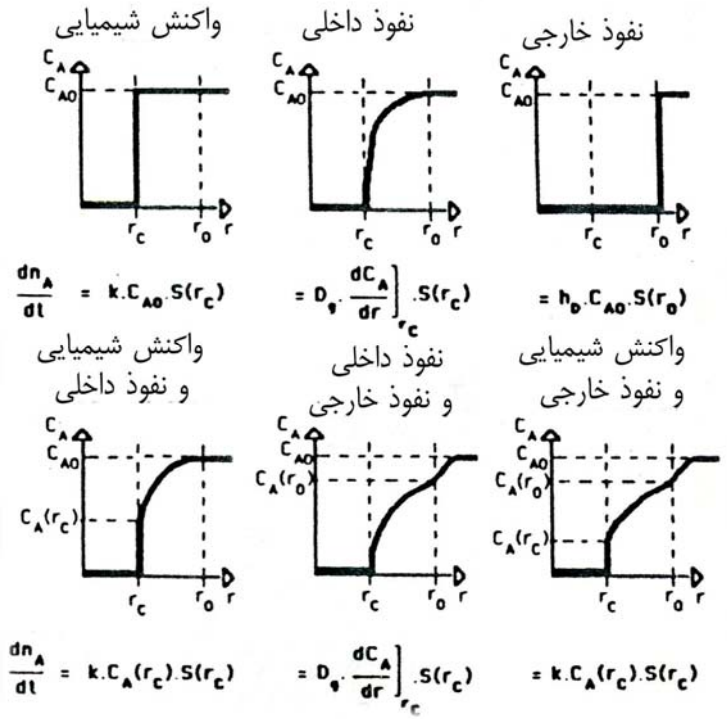
D

B

(

$$dt = - \frac{\rho_B}{b.M_B.k.C_A^n} . dr_C \quad ( \delta )$$

مکانیزمهای کنترل کننده یک ذره



[ ]

$r_c$   $r$ .

( )

( )

$$r_r = D_g \cdot \frac{dC_A}{dt} \Big|_{r=r_c}$$

(\cdot)

:

$$D_g \cdot \frac{1}{r^2} \cdot \frac{d}{dr} \left[ r^2 \cdot \frac{dC_A}{dr} \right] = 0$$

(\cdot\cdot)

( )

$$C_A(r) = C_A \quad : r$$

$$C_A(r_c) = 0 \quad : r_c$$

:

$$\frac{dC_A}{dt} = \frac{C_A}{r^2 \cdot \left[ \frac{1}{r_c} - \frac{1}{r} \right]}$$

( )

( )  $r_c/r$ .

:

$$C_A(r) = C_A \cdot \left[ \frac{1/r_c - 1/r}{1/r_c - 1/r} \right]$$

( )

$$t_{ch}(r_c) = \frac{\rho_B}{b \cdot M_B \cdot k \cdot C_A^n} (r - r_c)$$

(\cdot)

:  $r_c=0$

$$t_{ch}(r_c=0) = \frac{\rho_B \cdot r}{b \cdot M_B \cdot k \cdot C_A^n}$$

(\cdot)

( )

$$t_{ch}^*(r_c) = \frac{t_{ch}(r_c)}{t_{ch}(r_c=0)} = 1 - \frac{r_c}{r}$$

(\cdot)

$$g_{fg}(x) = t_{ch}^*(x) = 1 - (1-x)^{1/fg}$$

(\cdot)

( )

$$CA(r) = 0 \quad rc < r < r_c \quad ( ) \quad : ( ) \quad CA(r)$$

$$r_r = h_D \cdot C_A \cdot \frac{S(r)}{S(r_c)} = h_D \cdot C_A \cdot \left[\frac{r}{r_c}\right]^2 \quad ( ) \quad r_c = D_g \cdot C_A \cdot \frac{1}{r_c \cdot \left(1 - \frac{r_c}{r}\right)} \quad ( )$$

$$: \quad ( ) \quad ( ) \quad ( ) \quad : \quad ( ) \quad ( )$$

$$dt = -\frac{\rho_B}{b \cdot M_B \cdot h_D \cdot C_A} \left[\frac{r}{r_c}\right]^2 \cdot dr_c \quad ( ) \quad dt = -\frac{\rho_B}{b \cdot M_B \cdot D_g \cdot C_A} \cdot r_c \cdot \left[1 - \frac{r_c}{r}\right] \cdot dr_c \quad ( )$$

$$( ) \quad ( )$$

$$t_{DE}(r_c) = -\frac{\rho_B}{b \cdot M_B \cdot h_D \cdot C_A \cdot r^2} \left[\frac{r_c^3}{3} - \frac{r^3}{3}\right] \quad ( ) \quad t_{DI}(r_c) = \frac{\rho_B}{b \cdot M_B \cdot D_g \cdot C_A} \left[\frac{r_c^3}{3r} - \frac{r_c^2}{2} + \frac{r^2}{6}\right] \quad ( )$$

$$( )$$

$$t_{DE}(r_c) = \frac{t_{DE}(r_c)}{t_{DE}(r_c = 0)} = 1 - \left[\frac{r_c}{r}\right]^3 \quad ( ) \quad t_{DI}^+(r_c) = \frac{t_{DI}(r_c)}{t_{DI}(r_c = 0)} = 2\left[\frac{r_c}{r}\right]^3 - 3\left[\frac{r_c}{r}\right]^2 + 1 \quad ( )$$

$$(rc / r.)$$

$$: \quad ( ) \quad (rc / r.)$$

$$q_{Fg}(x) = x \quad ( )$$

$$P_{Fg}(x) = t_{DI}^+(x) \begin{cases} 2(1-x) - 3(1-x)^{2/3} + 1 & \mathbf{Fg=1} \\ (1-x) \cdot \ln(1-x) + x & \mathbf{Fg=2} \\ x^2 & \mathbf{Fg=3} \end{cases} \quad ( )$$

$$: \quad ( ) \quad ( )$$

$$D_g \cdot \left[\frac{dC_A}{dr}\right]_{r_c} = k \cdot C_A(r_c) \quad ( )$$

$$( )$$

$$CA(r) \quad CA(rc)$$

$$C_A(r) = C_A \cdot \left[ \frac{\frac{D_g}{k \cdot r_c^2} + \frac{1}{r_c} - \frac{1}{r}}{\frac{D_g}{k \cdot r_c^2} + \frac{1}{r_c} - \frac{1}{r}} \right] \quad ( )$$

$$r_c = h_D \cdot [C_A(r) - C_A(r_c)] \frac{S(r)}{S(r_c)} \quad ( )$$

$$rc \quad r. \quad A$$

:

$$r_v = k.C_A \cdot \left[ 1 + \frac{k.r_C^2}{D_g} \left[ \frac{1}{r_C} - \frac{1}{r} \right] + \frac{k.r_C^2}{h_D.r^2} \right]^{-1} \quad ( )$$

$$r_r = \frac{k.C_A}{1 + \frac{k.r_C^2}{D_g} \left[ \frac{1}{r_C} - \frac{1}{r} \right]} \quad ( )$$

$$dt = -\frac{\rho_B}{b.M_B.k.C_A} \left[ 1 + \frac{k.r_C}{D_g} \left[ 1 - \frac{r_C}{r} \right] + \frac{k.r_C^2}{h_D.r^2} \right] dr_C \quad ( )$$

$$dt = -\frac{\rho_B}{b.M_b.k.C_A} \left[ 1 + \frac{k.r_C^2}{D_g} \left[ \frac{1}{r_C} - \frac{1}{r} \right] \right] dr_C \quad ( )$$

: "Sherwood Number"

$$Sh^* = \frac{2t_{DI}(r_c=0)}{t_{DE}(r_c=0)} = \frac{h_D.r}{D_g} = \frac{h_D.F_g.V_g}{D_g.A_g} \quad ( )$$

$$t_{CH+DI}^*(r_C) = \frac{t_{CH+DI}(r_C)}{t_{CH+DI}(r_C=0)} = t_{CH}^*(r_C) +$$

$$t^*(x) = g_{Fg}(x) + \Phi_g^2 \cdot \left[ P_{Fg}(x) + \frac{2}{Sh^*} \cdot q_{Fg}(x) \right] \quad ( )$$

$$\frac{t_{DI}(r_C)}{t_{CH}(r_C=0)} \quad ( )$$

[ ] ( )

$$\Phi_g^2 = \frac{t_{DI}(r_C=0)}{t_{CH}(r_C=0)} = \frac{k.r}{6D_g} = \frac{k.V_g}{2D_g.A_g} \quad ( )$$

[ ]

$t^*(x) = g_{Fg}(x) + \Phi_g^2 \cdot \left[ P_{Fg}(x) + \frac{2}{Sh^*} \cdot q_{Fg}(x) \right]$			
	کره $F_g = 3$	استوانه $F_g = 2$	تختال $F_g = 1$
واکنش شیمیایی $g_{Fg}(x)$	$1 - (1-x)^{1/3}$	$1 - (1-x)^{1/2}$	$x$
نفوذ داخلی $P_{Fg}(x)$	$2(1-x) - 3(1-x)^{2/3} + 1$	$(1-x) \cdot \ln(1-x) + x$	$x^2$
نفوذ خارجی $q_{Fg}(x)$	$x$	$x$	$x$
مدول تپله $\Phi_g^2$	$\frac{k \cdot r_o}{6 \cdot D_g}$	$\frac{k \cdot r_o}{4 \cdot D_g}$	$\frac{k \cdot r_o}{2 \cdot D_g}$
عدد شروود $Sh^*$	$\frac{h_D \cdot r_o}{D_g}$	$\frac{h_D \cdot r_o}{D_g}$	$\frac{h_D \cdot r_o}{D_g}$

$$t_{CH+DI}^*(x) = g_{Fg}(x) + \Phi_g^2 \cdot P_{Fg}(x) \quad ( )$$

( ) ( ) ( )

:  $r = r_c$

$$h_D \cdot [C_A - C_A(r)] = D_g \left[ \frac{dC_A}{dr} \right]_{r=r_c} \quad ( )$$

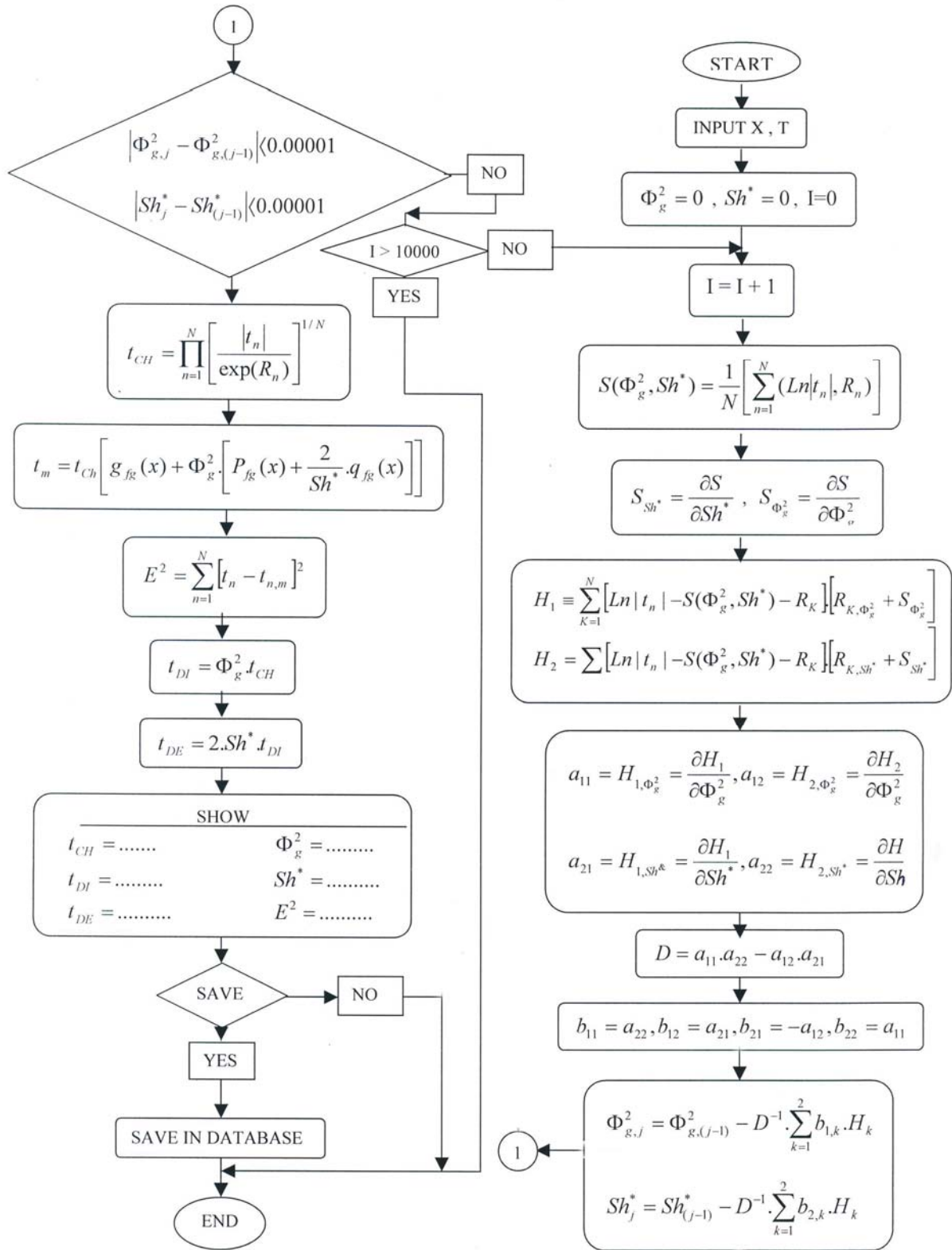
:  $r = rc$

$$D_g \left[ \frac{dC_A}{dr} \right]_{r=rc} = k.C_A(r_c) \quad ( )$$

: ( ) ( )

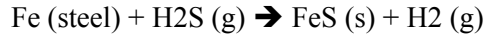
(Least Square)

$$C_A(r) = C_A \cdot \left[ \frac{\frac{D_g}{k.r_C^2} + \frac{1}{r_C} - \frac{1}{r}}{\frac{D_g}{k.r_C^2} + \frac{1}{r_C} - \frac{1}{r} + \frac{D_g}{h_D.r^2}} \right] \quad ( )$$





GSR.EXE



K

(t<sub>Ch</sub> = / )  
(t<sub>DI</sub> = / ) (t<sub>DI</sub> = / )

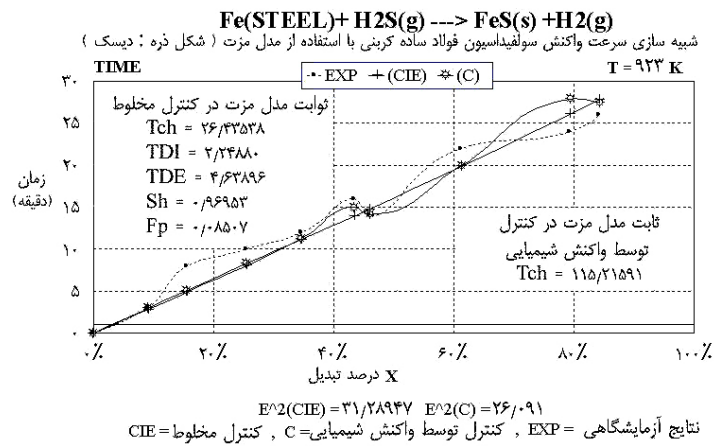
K

( )

GSR.EXE

( )

( )



" "

-

K

/

/

"

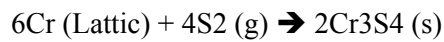
[ ]

t<sub>DE</sub> t<sub>DI</sub> t<sub>ch</sub>

( )

-

K

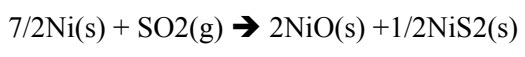


K

( )

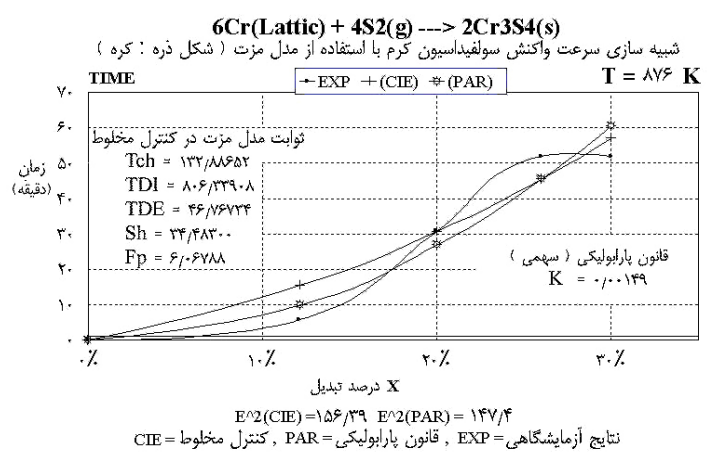
GSR.EXE

$t_{DE} \quad t_{DI} \quad t_{ch}$   
 . ( )



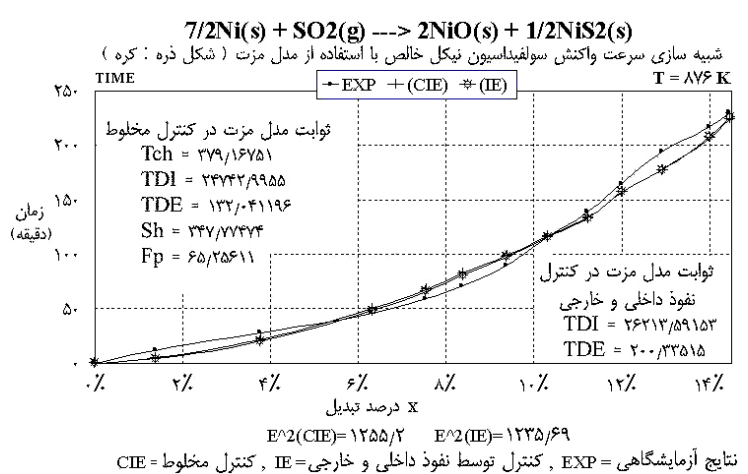
[ ]

GSR.EXE



"S2"

K



"SO2"

K

/

K

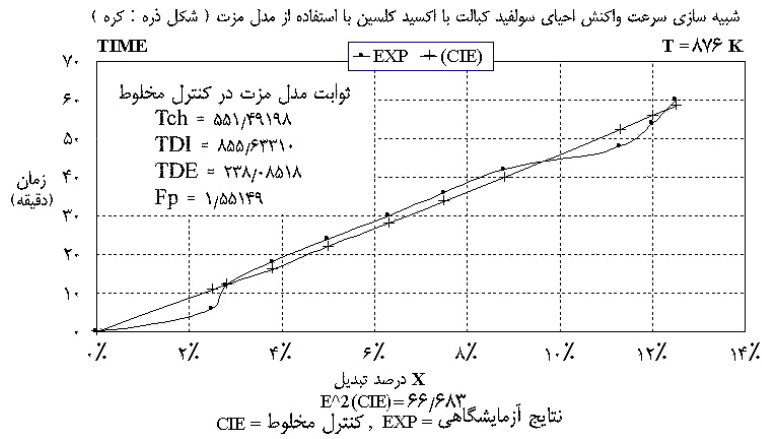
( )

K

[ ]

( )

GSR.EXE

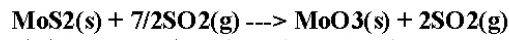


K

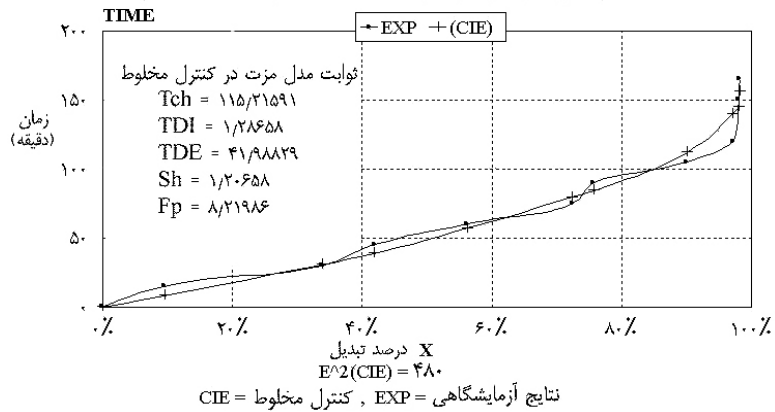
GSR.EXE

( )

( )



شبه سازی سرعت واکنش تشویه مولیبدن با استفاده از مدل مزت ( شکل ذره : کره )



B	$M_B$				
	$P_{Fg}(x)$			[ ]	
	$q_{fg}(x)$				-
( )	$r$				-
	$R_0$		)		-
	$S(rc)$				(...
	$S(r_0)$				-
	$Sh^* = \frac{h_D \cdot F_g \cdot V_g}{D_g \cdot A_g}$				
	T				
	$t_{ch}$				-
	$t_{DI}$				-
	$t_{DE}$				
	$V_g$				A <sub>g</sub>
	X	B			B
B	$\rho_B$		$\frac{mole}{m^3}$	A	CA
	$\Phi^2 = \frac{k \cdot V_g}{2 \cdot D_g \cdot A_g}$	$\frac{mole}{m^3}$		A	CA <sub>0</sub>
					D <sub>g</sub>
	[ ]			$\frac{m^2}{Sec}$	
		$\frac{mole}{Sec}$			$\frac{dn_A}{dt}$
[2]	Kh. Sadrnezhaad, Kinetic Processes in Materials Engineering and Metallurgy, Amir Kabir Publication Organization, Tehran, 1372, PP: 102, 107, 209.				F <sub>g</sub> g <sub>Fg</sub> (x)
[3]	J. M. West, "Basic Corrosion and Oxidation", Second Edition, 1986.		$\frac{m}{Sec}$		h <sub>D</sub>
[4]	Szekely and J. W. Evans and H. Y. Sohn, "Gas- Solid Reactions", Academic Press, NewYork, 1976.		$\frac{m}{Sec}$		k
[5]	N. Mazet, "Modeling of Gas - Solid Reaction, 1. NonPorous - Solid ", International Chemical Engineering, Vol. 32, No. 2, April 1992, PP: 271-283.	B			n n <sub>B</sub>

- Electrochemical Parameters by the Noli1 Method”, Corrosion Science, Vol.34, No. 4, 1993.
- [16] T. Narita, T. Ishikawa, M. Nakamari, “Sulfidation Properties of Low alloy Steel in H<sub>2</sub>S and H<sub>2</sub> atmosphere”, Published: Elsevier Science Netherland, 1992.
- [17] K. N. Strafford and Manifold, "The Corrosion of Fe and Some based alloys in S Vapour at 500 °C”, Corrosion Science, Vol.9, 1969, PP: 489-507.
- [18] K.L. Luthra, “Mechanism of Low Temperature and Hot Corrosion”, High Temperature Corrosion, by: Rappe, 1993.
- [19] R. A. Meussnerand, C. E. Birchenall, “The growth of Ferrous Sulfide on Iron”, Corrosion Journal, Vol.13, Oct, 1957.
- [20] C. J. Spengler and R. Viswanathan, “Effect of Sequential Sulfidation and Oxidation on the Propagation of Sulfur in an 85%Ni-15%Cr Alloy”, Metallurgical Transaction, Vol.3, January, 1972.
- [21] K. L. Luthra and W. L. Worrell, “Simultaneous Sulfidation Oxidation of Nickel at 603 °C in SO<sub>2</sub> – O<sub>2</sub> – SO<sub>3</sub> atmosphere”, Metallurgical Transaction, Vol. 10A, May 1979.
- [22] J.D Ford and M. A. Fahim, “Kinetics of Cobalt Sulfide Reduction in the Presence of Calcium Oxide”, Metallurgical Transaction B, Vol. 6B, Sept 1975.
- [23] Dr Abbasi, Areyanpoor, “Roasting of Molybdate”, Shaheed Chamran University, Ahvaze (1989).
- [6] N. Mazet, “Modeling of Gas – Solid Reaction, 2.Porous Solid”, International Chemical Engineering, Vol.32, No.3, 1992, PP: 395-408.
- [7] W. M. McKewance, “Kinetics of Iron ore Reduction”, Transaction of The Metallurgical Society of AIME , Vol. 12, Dec 1958, P:791.
- [8] M. Mayamoto and K. Kyamji and Y. Nakata, “Reaction Kinetics of Iron”, Journal of less Common Metals, 89, 1983, PP: 111-116.
- [9] A. N. Gokan & Doraiswany, “A Model for Gas – Solid Reaction”, Chemical Engineering Science, Vol. 26, 1972, P: 1521.
- [10] B. L. Seth & H. U. Ross, “The Mechanism of Iron Oxide Reduction”, Transaction of Metallurgical Society of AIME, Vol. 233, Jan 1969.
- [11] LevenSpiel, “Chemical Reaction Engineering”, John Wiley and Sons, NewYork, 1973.
- [12] M. P. Dudukovic & H. S. Lamba, “A Zone Model for Reaction of Solid Particle With Strong Adsorbing Species”, Chemical Engineering Science, Vol. 33, 1978.
- [13] P. A. Ramachandran & M. P. Dudukovic, “Reaction Particles with Nonuniform Distribution of Solid Reactant The Volume Reaction Model”, Chemical Engineering Science, Vo.39, No.4, 1984, PP: 669-680.
- [14] H.Y. Sohn and J. Szekeley, “The effect of Reaction of order Non-Catalytic Gas-Reaction”, The Canadian Journal of Chemical Engineering, Vol.50, Oct 1972.
- [15] Noli1, G. rocchini, “The Determination of