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چکیده

(kPa) K
Zeolite 13X و MCM Eurocarbon Norit RB3 فعال

فعال با طول ۲۸(cm) و قطر ۱ به دست
این

کربن

واژه‌های کلیدی:

مقدمه

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صنایع

CO₂

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زایی

°C

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HTles

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() .MCM .[-]

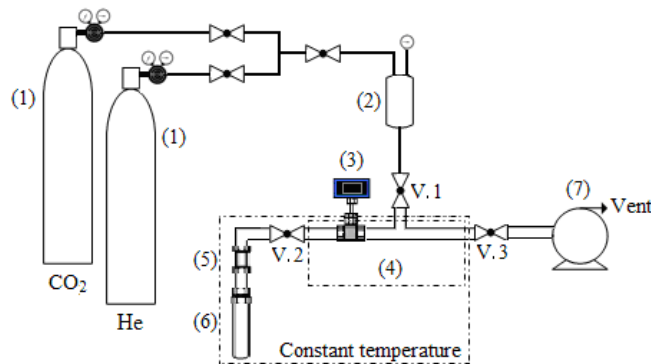
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BET	
(m ² /g) BET	
Norit RB3	1100
Eurocarbon	785
Zeolite 13X	730
MCM	908

مواد مورد استفاده

شرح روش آزمایش و دستگاه‌های اندازه‌گیری

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P=1.1 (atm) T=25(°C) q=150(ml/min)			
	CO ₂ (vol%)	N ₂ (vol%)	He (vol%)
Run 1	5.2	44.8	50
Run 2	8.4	41.6	50

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28(cm)

1(cm)

0.55

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$$\frac{\partial \bar{q}}{\partial t} = k(q^* - \bar{q}) = kK(c - c^*) \quad (1)$$

0.49(g/cm³)

cylindrical

3(mm)

K (s⁻¹)

\bar{q}

مدل دینامیک ارائه شده:

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$$\frac{1}{kK} = \frac{R_p}{3k_c} + \frac{R_p^2}{15D_e} \quad (2)$$

$$q = Kc \quad (3)$$

m/s

k_c

q

K

R_p m²/s

D_e

c mol/m³-adsorbent

mol/m³

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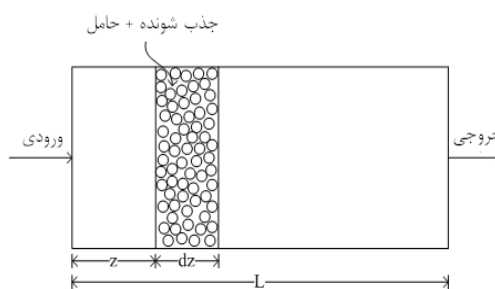
$$Sh = 2 + 1.1Re^{0.6} Sc^{1/3} \quad (4)$$

$$Re = D_p \rho u / \mu$$

$$Sh = k_c D_p / D_i$$

$$Sc = \mu / \rho D_i$$

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dz

() dt

$$\frac{c}{c_F} \approx \frac{1}{2} \left[1 + \operatorname{erf} \left(\sqrt{\tau} - \sqrt{\xi} + \frac{1}{8\sqrt{\tau}} + \frac{1}{8\sqrt{\xi}} \right) \right] \quad (5)$$

$$-D_i \frac{\partial^2 c}{\partial z^2} + \frac{\partial(uc)}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial c}{\partial t} + \frac{(1-\epsilon_b)}{\epsilon_b} \frac{\partial \bar{q}}{\partial t} = 0 \quad (6)$$

$$\xi = (kKZ / u)((1 - \epsilon_b) / \epsilon_b)$$

$$\text{erf}(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^x e^{-\eta^2} d\eta$$

$$\text{erf}(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_0^x e^{-\eta^2} d\eta \quad ()$$

$$c/c_r$$

$$K \quad ()$$

K

$$l \quad () \quad ()$$

$$() \quad ()$$

α_{CO_2,N_2}

D_e

$$\alpha_{CO_2,N_2} = \left(\frac{q_i}{q_j} \right) \left(\frac{y_j}{y_i} \right)$$

$$()$$

$$() ()$$

بحث و بررسی نتایج

y_i

q_i

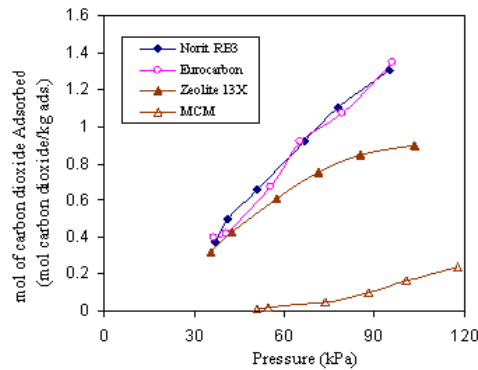
$$[] \quad (\text{mol/m}^3) \quad \text{°C} \quad - \quad (\text{kPa}) \quad ()$$

Zeolite 13X

$$() ()$$

MCM

$$[]$$



$$\text{°C} \quad - \quad (\text{kPa})$$

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$$\min f(k) = \sum \left[\left(\frac{c}{c_F} \right) - \left(\frac{c}{c_F} \right)_{\text{experimental}} \right]^2 \quad ()$$

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$$S_y = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n \left(\left(\frac{c_i}{c_F} \right) - \left(\frac{c_i}{c_F} \right)_{\text{experimental}} \right)^2}{n-1}} \quad ()$$

() S_y

D_e

/ - / S_y

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S_y	0.2
K	22
k	$2.05 \times 10^{-2} \text{ (s}^{-1}\text{)}$
k_e	$2.68 \times 10^{-2} \text{ (m/s)}$
D_e	$6.82 \times 10^{-8} \text{ (m}^2\text{/s)}$

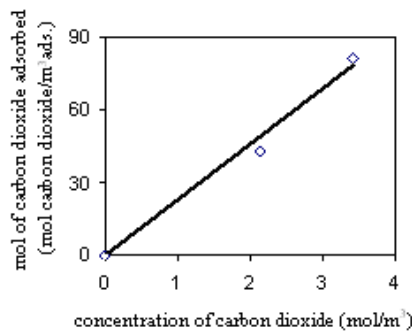
S_y

تقدیر و تشکر

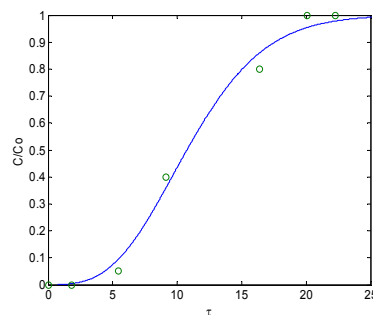
Chafa

(q _i) (mol/m ³)	(y _i)
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/	/
/	/
/	/

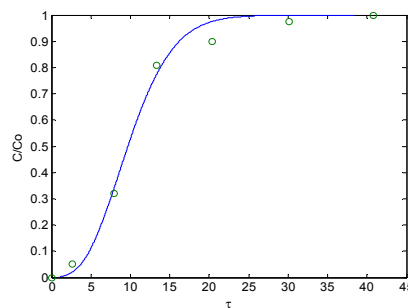
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شکل ۴. منحنی همدمای تعادلی جذب سطحی دی اکسید کربن بر روی کربن فعال، فشار ۱/۲ اتمسفر و دمای ۲۵ °C



شکل ۵. منحنی شکست دی اکسید کربن ۵/۲ درصد، فشار ۱/۲ اتمسفر و دمای ۲۵ °C



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