

*

-

-

-

(/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /)

چکیده

Dinh

واژه‌های کلیدی:

مقدمه

ATP

(MT)

. []

. []

. []

. []

(AF)

. []

[]

[-]

Dinh .

[]

[]

[]

Dinh

[]

Dinh .

[]

(a)

Dinh

(

R_C

[]

R_N

Nédélec

[]

(d =)

(R_C)

[]

(R_N)

Smith Simmons .

(V)

$$K_s = \frac{k_s}{k'_s} \quad (-)$$

$$\tilde{C}_s(r, t)$$

$$\frac{\partial \tilde{C}_0}{\partial t} = \left(k'_{-1} \tilde{C}_{-1} + k'_{+1} \tilde{C}_{+1} + k'_2 \tilde{C}_2 \right) - \left(k_{-1} \tilde{C}_0 + k_{+1} \tilde{C}_0 + k_2 \tilde{C}_0 \right) + D_0 \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left[r \frac{\partial \tilde{C}_0}{\partial r} \right] \quad (-)$$

$$\frac{\partial \tilde{C}_{+1}}{\partial t} = \left(k_{+1} \tilde{C}_0 - k'_{+1} \tilde{C}_{+1} \right) - \frac{V_{+1}}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(\tilde{C}_{+1} r \right) \quad (-)$$

$$\frac{\partial \tilde{C}_{-1}}{\partial t} = \left(k_{-1} \tilde{C}_0 - k'_{-1} \tilde{C}_{-1} \right) - \frac{V_{-1}}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(\tilde{C}_{-1} r \right) \quad (-)$$

$$\frac{\partial \tilde{C}_2}{\partial t} = \left(k_2 \tilde{C}_0 - k'_2 \tilde{C}_2 \right) + D_2 \frac{1}{r} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left[r \frac{\partial \tilde{C}_2}{\partial r} \right] \quad (-)$$

$$V_{\pm 1}$$

$$D_0$$

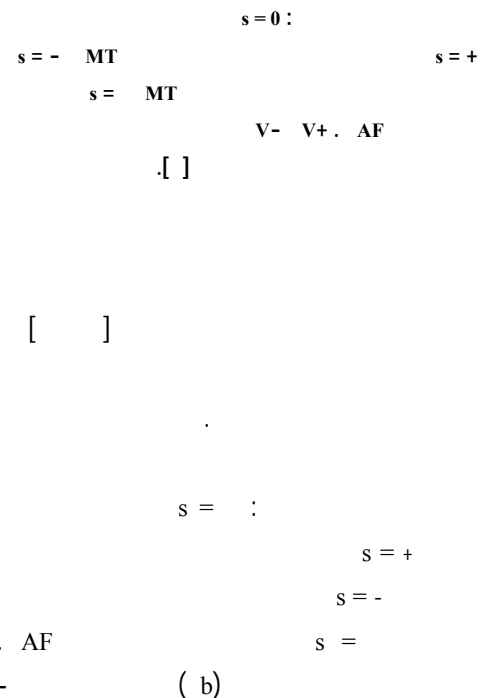
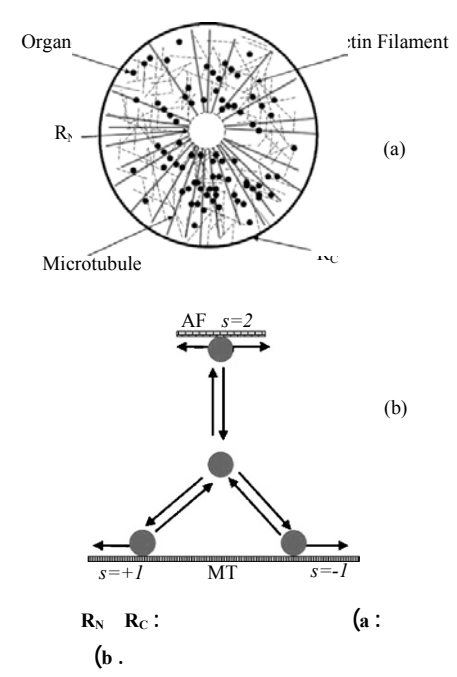
$$D_2$$

$$[]$$

$$[]$$

$$()$$

$$(V_{+1} \approx V_{-1} \approx V)$$



$$\Pi \frac{\partial c}{\partial \tau} \approx \Phi \frac{1}{\xi} \frac{\partial (c\xi)}{\partial \xi} + \Omega \frac{1}{\xi} \frac{\partial^2 (c\xi)}{\partial \xi^2} + \Delta \frac{1}{\xi} \frac{\partial}{\partial \xi} \left[\xi \frac{\partial c}{\partial \xi} \right] \quad ()$$

$$\tilde{C}(r, t) = \sum \tilde{C}_s(r, t), c = \frac{\tilde{C}}{C_0}, \xi = \frac{r}{R_c}, \tau = \frac{tV}{R_c}, K_s = \frac{k_s}{k'_s},$$

$$\xi_N = \frac{r_N}{R_c}, \tilde{D}_2 = \frac{D_2}{VR_c}, \tilde{D}_0 = \frac{D_0}{VR_c}, \Pi = 1 + K_{+1} + K_{-1} + K_2$$

$$\Phi = K_{-1} - K_{+1}, \Delta = \tilde{D}_2 K_2 + \tilde{D}_0$$

$$\Omega = \frac{V}{R_c} \left(\frac{K_{+1}}{k'_{+1}} \left(1 + \frac{\Phi}{\Pi} \right)^2 + \frac{K_{-1}}{k'_{-1}} \left(1 - \frac{\Phi}{\Pi} \right)^2 + \frac{K_2}{k'_2} \left(\frac{\Phi}{\Pi} \right)^2 \right)$$

$$() \quad () \quad k'_s \quad k_s$$

((-) (-)

() ()

() ()

$\Delta t = 0.1$

() []

[]

(N=0)

()

نتایج و بحث

(-)

[]

N

(-)

() ()

()

$R_C = \mu m \quad R_N = \mu m$

Dinh

()

(-)

()

() ()

$$\begin{cases} N_0 |_{r=R_C} = N_{+1} |_{r=R_C} \\ N_0 |_{r=R_N} = N_{-1} |_{r=R_N} \end{cases}$$

(-)

$$N_{+1} |_{r=R_N} = 0$$

(-)

$$N_{-1} |_{r=R_C} = 0$$

(-)

$$\begin{cases} N_2 |_{r=R_C} = 0 \\ N_2 |_{r=R_N} = 0 \end{cases}$$

(-)

()

() ()

() ()

(-) (-)

(b)

$s = \nu \quad s = - \quad s = + \nu$

()

(s =)

()

(-)

()

()

()

)

()

(

$(k_1 = k_{-1} \& k'_1 = k'_{-1})$

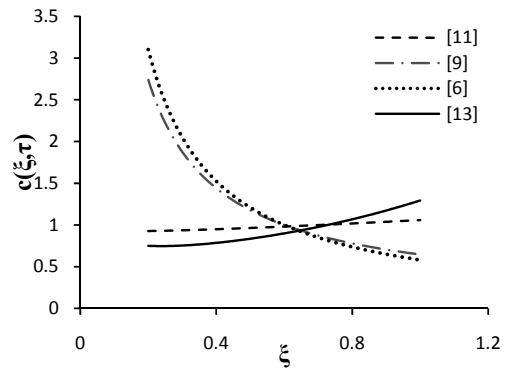
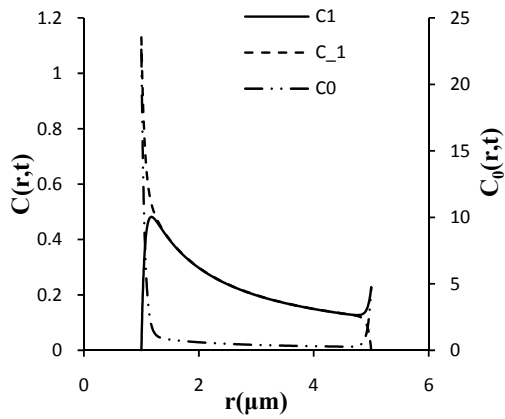
(C-1 C1)

)

) []
(

C.r
()
()

Organelle No.	1	12
Organelle/ Conditions	Endosomes/ dextran	Melanosomes/ aggregation
k_1	0.16	0.05-0.2
k_{-1}	0.16	0.6-2
k_2	-	0.1-0.2
k'_1	0.32	5.00
k'_{-1}	0.32	0.6-0.8
k_2	-	0.1-0.3
V	0.35	0.4-0.6
D_0	$\sim 10^{-3}$	$\sim 10^{-3}$
D_2	-	0.0388



:C_1 C_1.() r ()

() ()
() ()
(-)

() ()

Smith Simmons

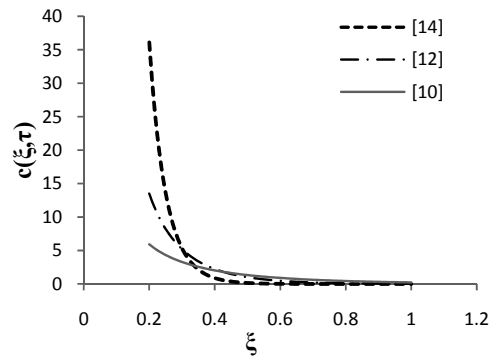
[]

)

x

(

Smith Simmons



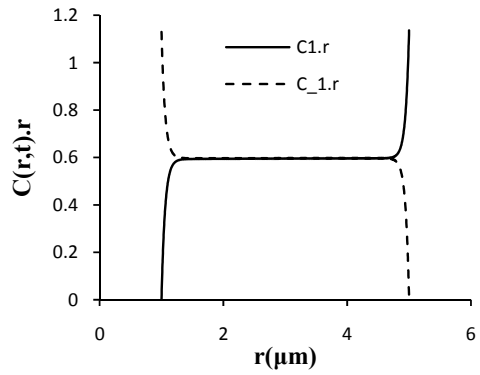
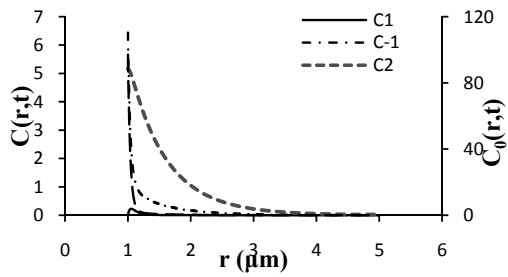
(V k' k)

($V_{+1} = V_{-1}$ $k'_{+1} = k'_{-1}$ $k_{+1} = k_{-1}$)

() ()

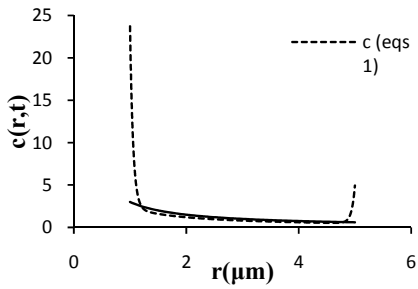
(-)

()
 (() ()) .()
 (-) (-)
 (-) (-)
 $k'_{+1} = k'_{-1} = 0$
 Simmons .
 $\beta_1 \beta_2 \alpha_1 \alpha_2$ Smith
 $\alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = 1$
 $\beta_1 = \beta_2 = 0$



) () :
 $C_2 C_1 . ()$ r ()
 $:C_{-1}$

() C.r :
 $s = - s = +$

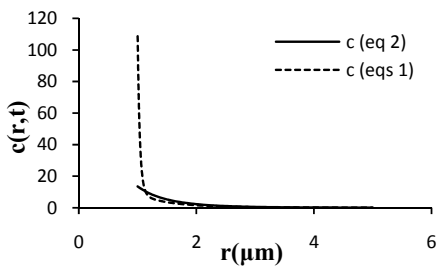


() ()
 $s = + \backslash$

() ()
 $(s = \gamma s = -$
) () () ()
 () ()
 () ()

() :
 () () r

()



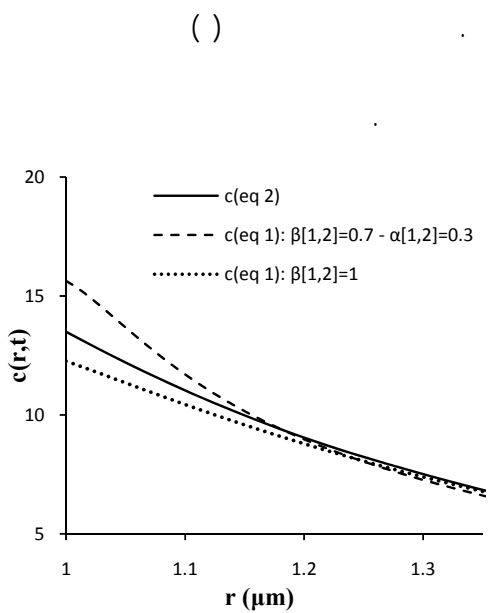
()

[]

c (eq 2)

() :
 () () r

[]



() :
 () () r
 $\beta_i \alpha_i$ ()
نتیجه گیری
 Dinh

$$\begin{cases} N_0 |_{r=R_C} = 0 \\ N_0 |_{r=R_N} = 0 \end{cases} \quad (-)$$

$$N_{+1} |_{r=R_N} = \alpha_1 \cdot N_{-1} |_{r=R_C} \quad (-)$$

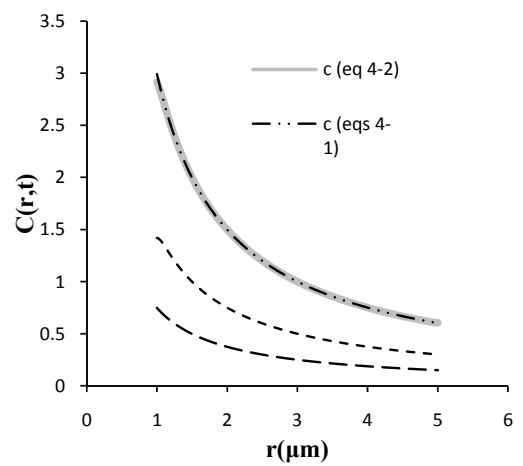
$$N_{-1} |_{r=R_C} = \alpha_2 \cdot N_{+1} |_{r=R_N} \quad (-)$$

$$\begin{cases} N_2 |_{r=R_C} = \beta_1 \cdot N_{+1} |_{r=R_C} \\ N_2 |_{r=R_N} = \beta_2 \cdot N_{-1} |_{r=R_N} \end{cases} \quad (-)$$

$$\alpha_1 + \beta_1 = 1 \quad (-)$$

$$\alpha_2 + \beta_2 = 1 \quad (-)$$

() ()



r () :
 () () ()
 $\beta = \beta = \alpha = \alpha =$
 ()
 () (-) (-)

$$0.5 < \beta_i < 0.7$$

$$0.5 < \alpha_i < 0.7$$

(Dinh)
()

- 1- Goodsell, D.S. (2004). *Bionanotechnology, Lessons From Nature*, Chapter 1, Wiley-Liss Pub. Co., California.
- 2- Lundström, I. and Svensson, S. (2002). "Natural nanosystems." *Current Applied Physics*, Vol. 2, PP. 17–21.
- 3- Mallik, R. and Gross, SP. (2004). "Molecular motors: strategies to get along." *Current Biology*, Vol. 14, PP. R971–R982.
- 4- Ebner, A., Godemann, R., Stamer, K., Illenberger, S., Trinczek, B., Mandelkow, EM. and Mandelkow, E. (1998). "Overexpression of tau protein inhibits kinesin-dependent trafficking of vesicles, mitochondria, and endoplasmic reticulum: implications for alzheimer's disease." *Journal of Cell Biology*, Vol. 143, PP. 777-794.
- 5- Pangarkar, C., Dinh, A.T. and Mitragotri, S. (2005) "Dynamics and spatial organization of endosomes in mammalian cells." *Physical Review Letter*, Vol. 95, PP. 158101.
- 6- Luzio, J. P., Poupon, V., Lindsay, M. R., Mullock, B. M., Piper, R. C. and Pryor P. R. (2003). "Membrane dynamics and the biogenesis of lysosomes." *Molecular Membrane Biology*, Vol. 20, PP. 141-154.
- 7- Schrader, M., King, SJ., Stroh, T.A. and Schroer T.A. (2000). "Real time imaging reveals a peroxisomal reticulum in living cells." *Journal of Cell Science*, Vol. 113, PP. 3663-3671.
- 8- Dinh, A.T., Pangarkar, C., Theofanous, T. and Mitragotri S. (2006). "Theory of spatial patterns of intracellular organelles." *Biophysical Journal: Biophysical Letters*, PP. L67-L69.
- 9- Yu Wai Man, C.Y., Chinnery, P.F. and Griffiths P.G. (2005). "Optic neuropathies – importance of spatial distribution of mitochondria as well as function." *Medical Hypotheses*, Vol. 65, PP. 1038–1042.
- 10- Chowdhury, D., Schadschneider, A. and Nishinari K. (2005). "Physics of transport and traffic phenomena in biology: from molecular motors and cells to organisms." *Physics of Life Reviews*, Vol. 2, PP. 318–352.
- 11- Nédélec, F., Surrey, T. and Maggsy A. (2001). "Dynamic concentration of motors in microtubule arrays." *Physical Review Letter*, Vol. 86, PP. 3192–3195.
- 12- Smith, D.A. and Simmons R.M. (2001). "Models of motor-assisted transport of intracellular particles." *Biophysical Journal*, Vol. 80, PP. 45–68.
- 13- Maly, I.V. (2002). "A stochastic model for patterning of the cytoplasm by the saltatory movement." *J. Theor. Biol.* Vol. 216, PP. 59-71.

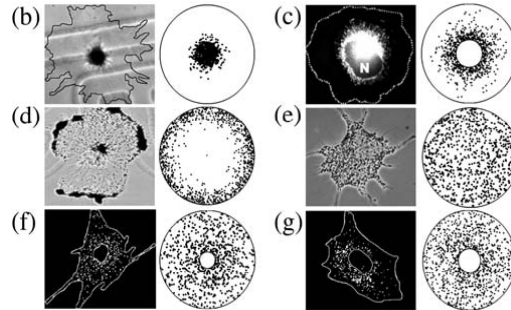
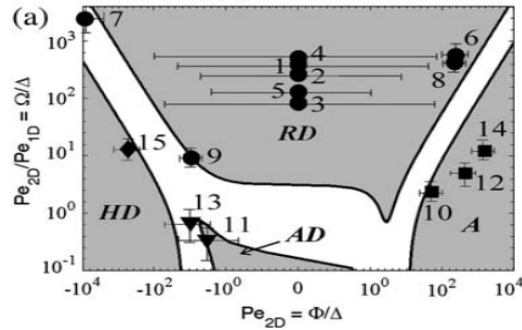
واژه‌های انگلیسی به ترتیب استفاده در متن

- 1- Organelle
- 3- Cytoskeleton
- 5- Dynein
- 7- Microtubule
- 9- Individual-Based Approaches
- 11- Aggregation
- 13- Areal Dispersion
- 15- Facilitated Diffusion
- 17- Finite Element Method

- 2- Vesicle
- 4- Kinesin
- 6- Myosin
- 8- Actin Filaments
- 10- Population-Based Approaches
- 12- Radial Dispersion
- 14- Hyper Dispersion
- 16- Advection-Diffusion

() Dinh
 $(Pe_{1D} = \Phi/\Omega \quad Pe_{2D} = \Phi/\Delta)$

(-)



(RD) (A) : Dinh (a. -
 lipoprotein () dextran : (HD) (AD)
 : () HepG2 COS-7 ; () polyethylenimine-DNA ()
 () control CHO ; () tautransfected CHO () control CHO
 ; () () ; () tautransfected CHO
 () (b-g). () ()
 (c). (b). ()
 AF (d). tautransfected CHO
 (g) (f). Xenopus (e).
 .Drosophila S2