

## *A Vehicle Control Algorithm For Stop-and-Go Cruise Control System*

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### **ABSTRACT**

This paper describes a vehicle speed & vehicle-to-vehicle distance control algorithm for vehicle stop-and-go cruise control. So first, a complete dynamic model of car has been simulated that consists of an SI engine, automatic transmission. The vehicle longitudinal control scheme consists of a speed control algorithm and a distance control algorithm and throttle-brake control law. A desired acceleration for the vehicle has been designed using linear quadratic optimal control theory. It has been shown that the proposed control law provides good performance.

**KEYWORDS** : Adaptive Cruise Control, Mean Value SI Engine model, Throttle, Brake, Stop-and-Go, Optimal control, Vehicle

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km/h

SG

km/h

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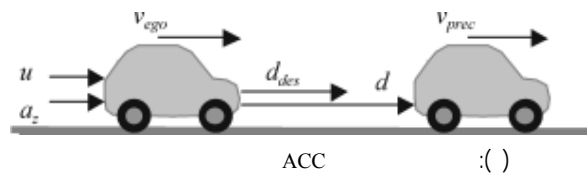
$a_{h,d}$

P

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 $u_{th}, u_{br}$ )

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PID

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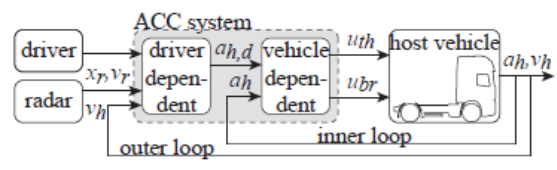
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$$\dot{m}_{at} = MAX_m \cdot TC \cdot PRI = 0.212 \cdot C_d \frac{P_o}{\sqrt{T_o}} A(\theta) \beta(P_r) \quad ( )$$

TC MAX<sub>m</sub>



$P_o$   $T_o$  PRI [ ] ACC : ( )

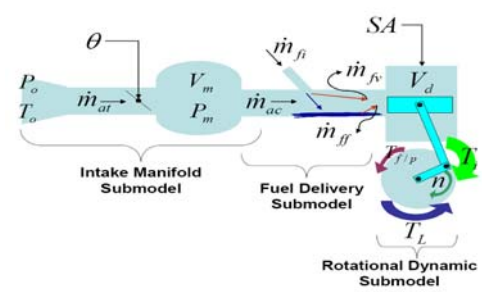
$P_r$   
 $\theta_0$   $P_m$   
 $C_d$   $(\theta_0 \approx 5^\circ)$

$(C_d = l)$

$$\beta(P_r) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{0.74} \sqrt{P_r^{0.4404} - P_r^{2.3086}} & \text{if } P_r \geq 0.4125 \\ 1 & \text{if } P_r < 0.4125 \end{cases} \quad ( )$$

$$A(\theta) = \begin{cases} -\frac{d}{D} \times \sigma + \frac{d \cdot D}{2} \times \delta + \frac{D^2}{2} \sin^{-1}(\sigma) - \frac{D^2 \cos(\theta + \theta_0)}{2 \cos(\theta_0)} \times \sin^{-1}(\delta) & \theta \leq \theta_{max} \\ \frac{\pi D^2}{4} - d \cdot D & \text{Otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\sigma = \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{d}{D}\right)^2} \quad \delta = \sqrt{1 - \left(\frac{d \cos(\theta_0)}{D \cos(\theta + \theta_0)}\right)^2} \quad ( )$$



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$$\frac{dm_m}{dt} = \dot{m}_{ath} - \dot{m}_{acyl} \quad ( )$$

$$\dot{P}_m = \frac{RT_m}{V_m} (\dot{m}_{ath} - \dot{m}_{acyl}) \quad ( )$$

$V_m, T_m, P_m$   $\dot{m}_{acyl}$

[ ]

$$\dot{m}_{acyl} = \frac{V_d}{2RT_m} \times [s(N)P_m - y(N)] \times N \quad ( )$$

$N$   $V_d$   $y$   $s$

$(s = l, y = / \text{ bar})$  [ ]  $P_r (= P_m / P_o)$   $\theta$  [ ]

$$\frac{1}{r} \left( \underbrace{M_{eng} \cdot i_{tot} \cdot \eta_{tot}}_{T_w} + T_b \right) = m \cdot \dot{v} + \underbrace{m \cdot g \cdot f \cdot \cos \alpha}_{F_{rolling\ resistance}} + \underbrace{m \cdot g \cdot \sin \alpha}_{F_{gravitational}} + \underbrace{\frac{\rho}{2} \cdot A \cdot c_d \cdot v^2}_{F_{aerodynamic}} \quad ( )$$

[ ]

$$V(t) - V(t_0) = \frac{1}{M} \int_{t_0}^t (F_{trac} - (F_r + F_D + F_G) - F_{back}) dt \quad ( )$$

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|   |  |                            |
|---|--|----------------------------|
|   |  |                            |
| / |  | $C_d$                      |
| / |  | $J_e$ (Kg.m <sup>2</sup> ) |
|   |  | $d$ (mm)                   |
|   |  | $D$ (mm)                   |
|   |  | (deg) $\theta_0$           |
| / |  | $f$                        |

$$T_b = T_i \times AFI \times SI - T_{f/p} \quad ( )$$

$T_b, T_i, T_{f/p}$   
AFI, SI

[ ]

$$\omega(t) - \omega(t_0) = \frac{1}{J_e} \int_{t_0}^t (T_b - T_{load}) dt \quad ( )$$

$J_e = / \quad kg.m^2$

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$$\mu = \frac{T_T}{T_P} \quad ( )$$

$$v = \frac{\omega_T}{\omega_P} \quad ( )$$

$k(v)$

[ ]

T P

$\omega$

[ ] [ ]

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$$a_{des} = K(v_{set} - v_{cc})$$

$$v_{set} = v_p + v_{offset}$$

km/h

$$d_r > d_{h,s} + d_{offset}$$

$$v_{set} = K \cdot d_r$$

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$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu + \Gamma w = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} u + \begin{bmatrix} ct_h \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} w$$

$$x^T = [x_1 \quad x_2]^T = [d_{h,s} - d_r \quad v_p - v_{cc}]^T$$

$$u = d_r$$

$$v = v_{cc} + p$$

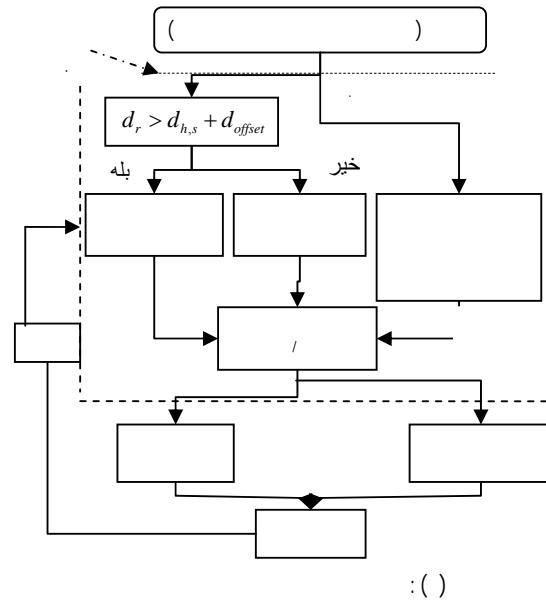
$$J = \int_0^{\infty} (x^T Q x + u^T R u) dt$$

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} \rho_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \rho_2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad R = [\gamma]$$

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} \rho_1 & 0 \\ 0 & \rho_2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad R = [\gamma]$$

$$u = -K \cdot x$$

$$k$$



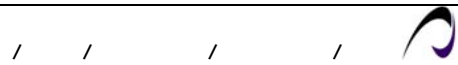
$$d_{h,s} = d_{min} + v_{pre} t_h$$

$$\dot{v}_{pre} = u_{des} + a_z$$

$$d_{min} \quad t_h$$

$$a_z \quad u_{des}$$

$$d_{offset} \quad d_{des}$$



$$u_{sat} = \text{sat}(u) = \begin{cases} u_{max} & \text{if } u \geq u_{max} \\ u & \text{if } u_{min} < u < u_{max} \\ u_{min} & \text{if } u \leq u_{min} \end{cases}$$

$$u = -K \cdot x = -(k_1 x_1 + k_2 x_2)$$

$\frac{rad/s}{m/s^2} \quad \xi = \quad \frac{m/s^2}{u_{max}}$

$$K = R^{-1} B^T P \quad ( )$$

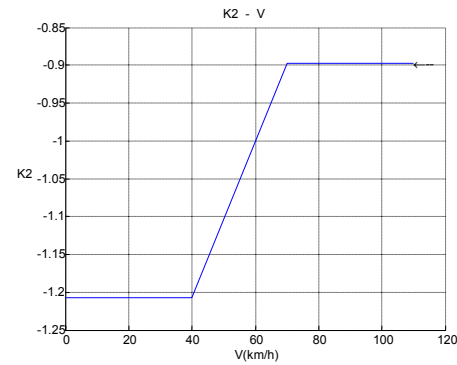
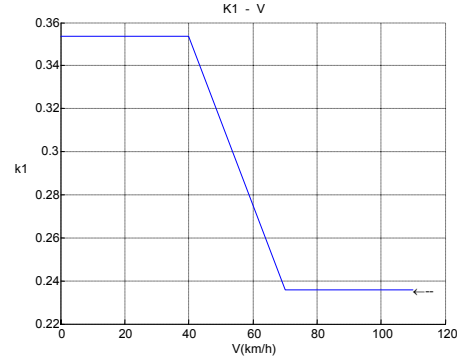
$$A^T P + PA - PBR^{-1} B^T P + Q = 0 \quad ( )$$

$$a_{des}(t) = u(t) = -Kx$$

$$= -k_1(v_{cc}(t)) \cdot (d_{h,s}(t) - d_r(t)) - k_2(v_{cc}(t)) \cdot (v_p(t) - v_{cc}(t)) \quad ( )$$

$$Q = \begin{bmatrix} k_2(\cdot) & k_1(\cdot) \\ & v_{cc}(t) \end{bmatrix} \quad R$$

$$\frac{m/s^2}{m/s^2} \quad [ ] \quad \frac{m/s^2}{m/s^2} \quad a_{des}$$



$$k_2(\cdot) \quad k_1(\cdot) \quad : ( )$$

$$\tau_{ct} \quad P_{ct} \quad ( )$$

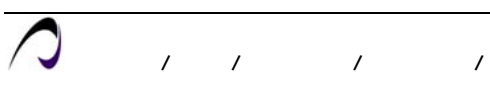
$$\tau_{ec} \quad \tau_{ct} \quad u = -Kx$$

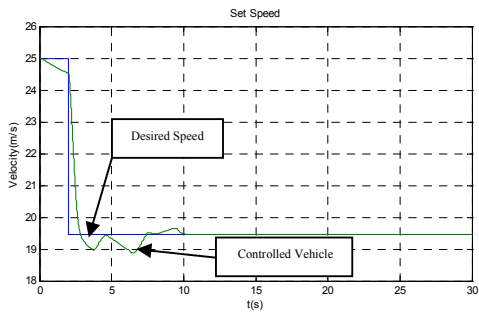
$$\tau_{ec} = \tau_b = 0 \quad ( )$$

$$a_{resid} = \frac{1}{\beta} (T_{ct} - R_g \cdot r_w (F_{roll} + F_{air} + F_g)) \quad ( )$$

$$\Phi = \frac{m/s^2}{m/s^2} \quad \frac{a_{des}}{u_{sat}} = \frac{\omega^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega s + \omega^2} \quad ( )$$

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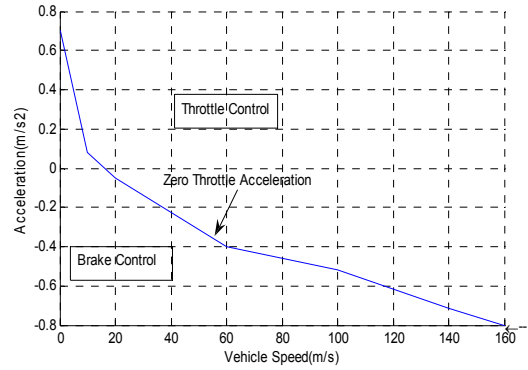




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$$\begin{aligned}
 a > a_{resid} + \Phi &\Rightarrow \text{Throttle} \\
 a < a_{resid} - \Phi &\Rightarrow \text{brake} \\
 a_{resid} + \Phi \geq a \geq a_{resid} - \Phi &\Rightarrow \text{Hold}
 \end{aligned}
 \quad ( )$$



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$a_f$

$a_{des}$

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$$\alpha_{des} = \alpha_f + K_p(a_{des} - a) + K_i \int (a_{des} - a) dt
 \quad ( )$$

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$$T_{b,des} = -r(M_v a_{des} + F_L) + T_s
 \quad ( )$$

$T_s$

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$P_{d,des}$

:[ ]

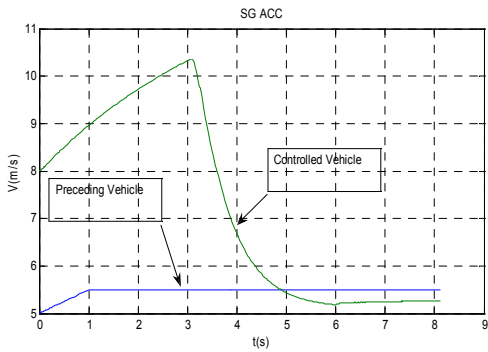
$$P_{d,des} = \frac{1}{K_b} T_{b,des}
 \quad ( )$$

$K_b = \text{Nm/Pa}$

PID

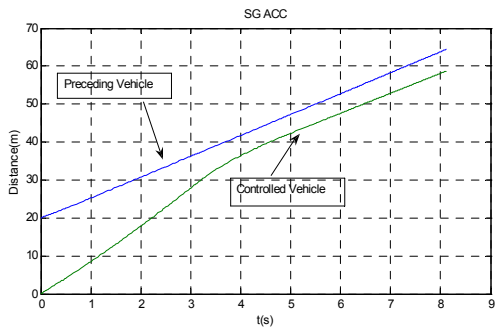
$$u = g^{-1}(P_{d,des}) + P(P_{d,des} - P_d) + I \int (P_{d,des} - P_d) dt + D(\dot{P}_{d,des} - \dot{P}_d)
 \quad ( )$$

$$P_d = g(u)
 \quad ( )$$



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$km/h$

$km/h$

$km/h$

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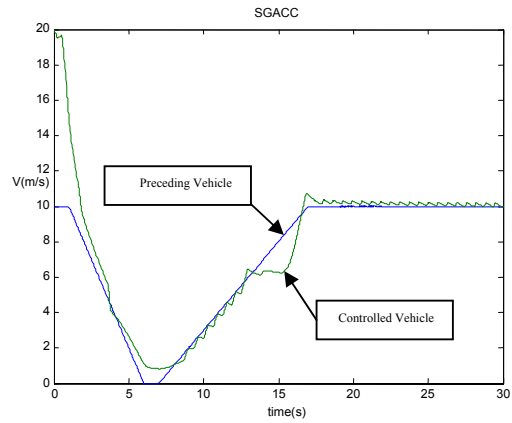
$m/s^2$   
 $m/s^2$

m

km/h

( )

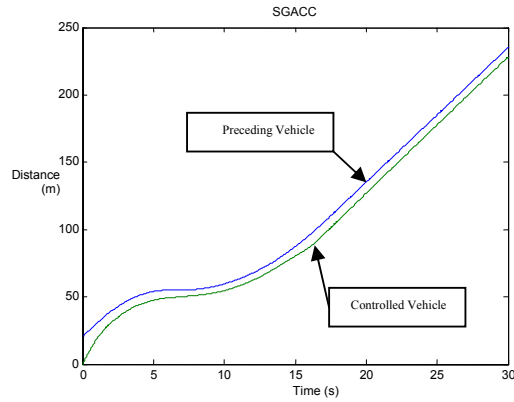
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- M (kg)
- $\eta_{rot}$
- a ( $m/s^2$ )
- $\alpha$
- r
- A ( $m^2$ )
- $F_b$  (N)
- ( $m/s^2$ )g
- T (N.m)
- $\omega$  (rad/s)

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Longitudinal Vehicle Dynamics  
 Adaptive Cruise Control  
 Stop and Go  
 Self-Tuning Adaptive Controller  
 Throttle Angle  
 Model Predictive Controller (MPC)  
 Headway Distance  
 Torque Converter  
 Intelligent Cruise Control  
 Linear Quadratic (LQ) Optimal Control  
 Automatic Transmissions  
 String Stability  
 Jerk  
 Chatter